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Circle No. 860
THE EDITOR'S ANGLE

WOOD® MAGAZINE'S ON-SITE WORKSHOP GETS A FACELIFT

To see and find out more about the newly remodeled WOOD magazine workshop, please turn to page 76. I think you'll be impressed.

Over the past decade, literally thousands of you, our valued readers, have visited us here at our offices in Des Moines, Iowa. And believe me, we have loved every minute of the time we've spent with you. After all, it's not often that a magazine staff has the opportunity to meet with the people they work so hard to please.

But in the past, every time we opened the doors to our on-site shop and walked in to give a tour, we knew full well that their condition didn't represent us as well as we would like it to. Like many woodworking shops, it wasn't overly well organized. And as a result, we weren't using our space efficiently.

But now, after several months of intensive work, I think we've finally got our act together. As you can see in the photo above, the shop is now ship-shape and ready for your inspection.

Take a look at Pete Stephano's article starting on page 76 if you want to get a better look at our pride and joy. And if you happen to be in our neck of the woods sometime in the future, we'll show it to you in person, OK? We're here weekdays from 8 to 5.

Larry Clayton

WE HAVE WINNERS—
THE GREAT SCROLLSAW PROJECT-DESIGN CONTEST

As is always the case when we have a contest, you readers certainly showed your creative talent in our latest venture. And now that we have chosen the winning designs, it's time for us to show them off.

The leaf-shaped design on a stand (shown at left) created by Kurt Lundberg of Anaheim, California, is but one example of the fine projects chosen. To see the others, please turn to page 6.

This project took First Place in the Put-Together Projects category of The Great Scrollsaw Project-Design Contest.
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This issue’s cover wood grain: Indian rosewood
IN ADDITION TO FURNITURE AND CABINETRY, IT'S ALSO QUITE GOOD AT BUILDING REPUTATIONS.

THE CRAFTSMAN PLUNGE ROUTER. IT HAS A 3 1/2 HP SLOW-START MOTOR TO ELIMINATE JUMPING. SIX DEPTH SETTINGS. ELECTRONIC SPEED CONTROL TO ADJUST TO WOOD HARDNESS. AND HANDLE-MOUNTED FINGERTIP CONTROLS. ADD TO THAT A SELECTION OF OVER 200 DIFFERENT ROUTER BITS AND ACCESSORIES AND YOU WON'T JUST BE WORKING WOOD, YOU'LL BE WORKING MIRACLES.

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CRAFTSMAN

EXCLUSIVELY AT SEARS AND SEARS HARDWARE STORES
THE GREAT SCROLLSAW DESIGN CONTEST
AND THE WINNERS ARE

When we asked you to show us your best scroll saw work, we figured we'd see some terrific things. But, the quality of the projects you entered in our Great Scroll saw Design Contest far exceeded those expectations.

To judge such a great batch of designs, we called on WOOD® magazine Design Editor Jim Downing. He enlisted the help of two other people who know a lot about designing and scroll sawing:

- Christine Anderson, a West Des Moines, Iowa, artist and designer. Chris has designed projects for WOOD magazine and WOOD magazine's SUPER SCROLLSAW PROJECTS™. She also sells her whimsical painted furniture and decorated accent items through shows and galleries.
- Rick Hutcheson, a scroll saw ace from Grimes, Iowa. Rick logs 10-12 hours a day cutting pieces for his gift shop, for other crafters, and for WOOD magazine, SUPER SCROLLSAW PATTERNS, and two of our companion magazines, WEEKEND WOODWORKING PROJECTS® and DECORATIVE WOODCRAFTS®.

Here are the five winners the judges selected.

Grand Prize
$1,500
Neil Seely, Rochester, New York
Overall length: 13”

Put-Together Projects
$1,000
Kurt Lundberg, Anaheim, California
Overall height (with stand): 8”

Clever Cutouts
$1,000
Robin Wirtz, Tulsa, Oklahoma
Overall length: 35½”

Kids’ Stuff
$1,000
Arlie Medici, Des Moines, Iowa
Overall height: 14½”

Best Holiday Theme
$750
Kim and Rob Russell, Spring Green, Wisconsin
Overall height: big tree, 8”; small trees, 3½”

Our thanks to everyone who entered. Entries will be donated to the Build-A-Toy® contest auction this fall, where they will be sold to benefit the Toys for Tots program.

Photographs: King Art, John Hetherington
Maybe not. But it's there. All we've done is install Biesemeyer precision tablesaw accessories. However, it's not the way our accessories make your Craftsman saw look that's important. What's important is how they greatly improve the way it works.

Starting with the T-Square® Saw Fence System, you'll immediately appreciate how the hairline pointer and built-in tape enable you to make precision set-ups, cut after cut. When used in combination with our side and back extension tables you'll waste less time, and materials. And since the Saw Fence System pictured above has been engineered to fit Craftsman tablesaws, it bolts on to most with no drilling.

So turn your Craftsman tablesaw into a precision cutting instrument with accessories from Biesemeyer. You'll be amazed at how easy it can be to cut your homeshop projects with professional accuracy and safety. Biesemeyer products are available through the Craftsman Power & Handtool catalog and at over 530 professional Biesemeyer dealers throughout the U.S. and Canada. For the location of the dealer nearest you, call 1-800-782-1831.
from these 50 listings!

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13 BOULTER PLYWOOD—One stop wood shop

14 CMT TOOLS—CMT Tools' new 64-page color catalog is packed with router bits, saw blades, planer & jointer knives & much more! $2.00

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HOW TO FLATTEN AN UNEVEN WORKBENCH TOP

Shortly after assuming his duties as our new project builder, Chuck Hedlund made it a priority to flatten the benchtops in the WOOD® magazine shop. Why the rush? According to Chuck, “I find a flat work surface essential to assembling square boxes, flat panels, or four-legged projects that don’t rock. I can’t work on a benchtop that’s not true.” So, we’ve asked Chuck to show us the best way to level a troublesome benchtop. Here’s how he does it.

Note: These procedures work for any solid-wood top that’s at least 1" thick. We recommend you flatten your benchtop if it’s uneven by more than $\frac{1}{16}$". (You can check for flatness by moving a straightedge across your benchtop.) Do not try these flattening steps on laminated tops made of plywood, particleboard, hardboard, or similar materials.

To show you how this technique works, we searched for a bench badly in need of flattening. We found a doozy in the workshop of John Hetherington, one of our photographers. As you can see above, this turn-of-the-century bench had a warped, irregular surface that was out of flat by more than $\frac{1}{2}$". The bench was a great-looking antique, but John wanted to restore its usefulness as a woodworking tool. Although the flattening process that we’ll describe here bared new wood on the benchtop, John restored the antique-patina look by rubbing in a combination of stains afterwards.

Start by preparing the bench
Before you flatten the bench, you need to make any necessary repairs. As shown above right, our sample bench had delaminated edge boards that required our attention. You may have to remove the top and retighten, reglue, or reinforce the joints in the base to make it solid and rack-free.

Since you will be routing into the top in the following steps, you need to remove any embedded metal fasteners (such as brads and staples). A metal sensor will aid your search, and save you from dulling or destroying a router bit.

Next, place the bench in the spot in your shop where you will be using it. Check the top for level, and add wood shims to the bottom of the base’s legs as necessary (see the drawing left).

With the top as level as possible, attach the shims with adhesive or fasteners. Mark the position of each leg onto the floor so that you can always return the bench to its level location.

Continued on page 12
It only has a bit in common with other cordless drills.

Through an unprecedented combination of run-time, reliability and ergonomic design, Bosch cordless drills redefine Total Performance for the entire category. In test after test, nothing outperforms our T-handle and pistol grip drill/drivers or impact drivers.

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One last bit of difference these exceptional tools offer is a one year warranty, 90 day satisfaction guarantee and one year service protection plan.
HOW TO FLATTEN AN UNEVEN WORKBENCH TOP

Continued from page 10

Now, make and attach the flattening jig
With the jig shown in this article, you can slide a router over your benchtop to remove all the high areas and leave a flat surface. The router slides back and forth across the top in a router carrier that slides along a perfectly level and straight carrier guide on each side of the benchtop. These pieces are mounted to the bench with carrier-guide supports.

To mount the carrier guides and carrier-guide supports, follow the Setting Up the Carrier Guide drawing below. (You may find it necessary to remove one or more vises.) To make the carrier guides, joint one edge of a 2x4 and rip the opposite edge to give you a straight board with parallel edges.

After mounting the carrier guides, use a level to make sure that they are level along their length and level with each other. If the benchtop is twisted, you may find it necessary to shim the carrier guides with thin pieces of wood or paperboard as shown in the Section View below. Use only as many shims as necessary.

Now, use another jointed board as long as the carrier guides to check them for straightness. If the carrier guides bowed during mounting, you will need to correct the situation with shims.

These leveling and shimming steps can prove time-consuming, but stick with them—you'll be rewarded with a flat bench in the end. Finally, construct a router carrier according to the drawing on page 14.

It's time to rev up the router and start flattening
To adjust your router's straight bit for the correct cutting depth, use a straightedge and tape measure as shown right to find the lowest spot on the bench. Then, place the router carrier onto the carrier supports so its slot centers over the low spot. Mount a 1"- to 1½"-diameter straight bit in your router, place the router into the router carrier (directly above the low spot), and set the bit for a paper-thin cut. You must securely tighten the router bit into its collet, and the router motor housing to the base, to eliminate any possibility of the cutting depth changing during the following steps.

Next, use four clamps to secure the router carrier to the carrier guides at either end of the bench. Make a full cut across the width of the bench by first running the router away from you and along the left hardwood side of the router carrier. Then, make a return cut toward you along the right side of the router carrier. Without moving the router carrier, repeat these router passes once or twice so the bit cuts to its full depth. As you move the router, remember to place minimal downward pressure on it to avoid bowing the router carrier.

Continued on page 14
When we listen to woodworkers, we understand what you mean — after all, we are woodworkers! You told us you needed a dado to cut plywood, solid wood, hardwood veneered plywood, laminates and melamine chip-free. You told us that it needed to cut precise slots and maintain accuracy. And it especially needed to accommodate today’s undersized plywood.

So we engineered a dado that would not only meet your needs, but would surpass your expectations. First we started with our superior tri-metal brazing to bond a special tooth design to an extra stiff blade body. You wanted dados with super smooth flat bottoms so we included 4-wing chippers. You said you hate it when chips build up in the chippers, so we perfected a gullet which ejects the chips. And then we eliminated the hub on the outside blade so chips cannot build up between the blades. The Super Dado will cut all your materials chip-free with a dado so smooth, you’ll hate to cover it up.

To make it even better, we added something no other dado manufacturer has...a sixth chipper that is 3/4" thick. That doubles the number of possible slot widths (from 1/8" up to 3/8" wide), and allows you to set the dado to fit today’s undersized plywoods. To make it even more flexible, we’ve included a set of precision steel shims for fine adjustments. Here is a dado that matches the slot width flexibility of an adjustable dado while maintaining the safety and finish of a stacked dado system.

And speaking of safety, we used the same anti-kickback technology associated with our saw blades and router bits. It’s the anti-kickback shoulder design that reduces the chance of kickback from overfeeding. This higher level of safety lets you dado with confidence.

We also packaged all this in a sturdy carrying case. Once you use this new dado, you’ll agree that it really is a Super Dado.
HOW TO FLATTEN AN UNEVEN WORKBENCH TOP

Continued from page 12

Repeat this procedure at three evenly spaced locations along the length of the bench as shown below. These cuts confirm that you adjusted the router bit to the correct depth. Adjust the bit for a deeper cut if it passes over any areas without removing stock. If the router bogs down during these cuts, switch to a smaller bit or a more-powerful router.

Now, measure the width of any of your four router cuts. Subtract \( \frac{1}{4}'' \) from your measurement and use this figure to space out marks along the length of each carrier guide. For instance, our router cuts were 2\( \frac{3}{4}'' \) wide, so we made marks every 2'. Use these marks in the following step to guide your placement of the router carrier so your cuts overlap by \( \frac{1}{4}'' \).

Next, flatten the entire top by starting at either end of the bench and making router passes in increments along its length. For consistently deep cuts you must clamp the router carrier for each router cut. You can speed things along by having a helper reposition and reclamp one end of the router carrier while you clamp the other end and operate the router.

As you approach each of your initial, spaced-apart cuts, check to see that your cutting depth has not changed. If it changes, the bit or motor housing is slipping up or down, and you will need to fix the problem. In working on the benchtop shown here, we were tripped up by the brand-new router we were using. Factory lubrication on the outside of the motor housing was causing the housing to slip, even though we tightened the base securely. So, we cleaned the motor housing and base with mineral spirits, then started the routing process over again. Another lesson learned the hard way!

The final touches

No matter how careful you were to clamp the router carrier and put minimum downward force on the router, you will still wind up with fine ridges where one router pass meets the other. Fortunately, you can quickly smooth away these ridges while keeping your bench flat.

As shown in the photo below, we lowered the ridges with a cabinet scraper and followed this with a light sanding using a random-orbit sander. Be careful to remove the ridges and no more!*

Written by Bill Krise with Chuck Hedlund
Photographs: John Hetherington
Illustrations: Kim Downing

Make four evenly spaced cuts across the benchtop to test the cutting depth of the router bit.

A cabinet scraper and random-orbit sander help make quick work of the tiny ridges on the benchtop.
POWERMATIC® 66 T.A. SAW
BEST TABLE SAW ON THE MARKET TODAY!

TAKE A LOOK...

To appreciate the finest 10" table saw on the market, the Powermatic model 66 deserves more than just one quick look. Your first look should recognize that all Powermatic machines are painted gold for a very good reason. This is in recognition of our position as an industry leader in performance, durability and value.

TAKE A SECOND LOOK...

A second look wants you to notice the internal portion of the 66 - the "heart" of the machine. These are the features that push the 66 saw way ahead of the competition. The 66 weighs a hefty 189 pounds more than our leading competitor! Most of the difference can be found in our one piece, wide stanced cast iron trunnion. This heavy duty trunnion reduces vibration, ensures smoother cuts and is the primary reason for the accuracy of this superior saw.

Another premiere feature of the 66 is the saw blade - it tilts to the left, away from the fence providing you with several distinct advantages over blades that tilt to the right. The most obvious advantage is evident when making a miter cut. With the 66, there is no binding of the material between the blade and the fence thus virtually eliminating the possibility of kickbacks. Another advantage of the 66 blade tilt is shown when two mitered angles are joined together. When the pieces are cut with the blade to the left, any tear-out or "fuzz" is on the bottom side of the workpiece, and, most important, the assembled pieces make a perfect fit on the top edge.

To round out this great saw, Powermatic uses the award winning Biesemeyer T-Square® saw fence system which utilizes an easy gliding, precision fence with a full 50 inch right hand, and 12 inch left hand cutting capacity.

TAKE A THIRD LOOK...THEN CHOOSE

The third look is the one that separates Powermatic from the rest of the pack. It's the look of performance! There is only one way to determine the performance of the 66 saw and that is to try it. Push the button. Feel the awesome sense of power and notice the smoothness with which it runs. After you make that first cut, and experience the feel of cutting your workpiece perfectly, then, and only then, will you realize the model 66 industrial saw is truly superior to all others on the market.

CALL 1-800-248-0144 FOR YOUR NEAREST POWERMATIC DEALER.
**How wide is that side?**

I want to build a six-sided project, and I found the Ask WOOD article "Figuring Angles for Many-Sided Objects" in the September 1993 issue of help. However, this doesn't address how to calculate the width of the sides of the project. Can you explain how to do this?


To do this, first make a full-sized or scale drawing of the project. Then measure the side width from the drawing. Here's how to lay out the drawing:

1. Set the compass to a distance equal to a measurement from the center of the box to an outside point of a corner. (For example, to design a box that measures 8" across opposing outside corners, set the compass to 4"). Then, using this setting on your compass, draw a circle on your paper.

2. Divide 360° by the number of sides you want on the box. The answer will equal the number of degrees spanned by each side. (For 6 sides, this would be 60°.) Next, use a protractor to lay out lines from the center of the circle to the edge, with the lines separated by the degrees of span of each box side.

3. Draw a line (AB) from the point where one of the angle lines (CA) meets the circle to where its adjacent line (CB) meets the circle. Measure line AB to get the width (after miters are cut) of the sides of your box.

**How to transfer WOOD PATTERNS™**

I like the full-sized pattern inserts that have been added to WOOD magazine. However, I am not sure of the best way to transfer the patterns from the sheet to my wood. Can you help?

—Waldo J. Berg, Fargo, N.D.

There are several good ways to transfer these patterns. For smaller designs, take the WOOD PATTERNS™ sheet to a copy machine, and make a 1-to-1 copy. For larger patterns, trace the lines directly from the sheet onto tracing paper.

Then, fasten the tracing to the wood using spray adhesive or rubber cement. You also can transfer the pattern from the tracing to the wood by placing carbon paper between the pattern sheet and the wood and tracing over the lines with a pencil.

For designs that you expect to use a lot, make templates from 1/8" or 1/4" plywood or tempered hardboard. Cut out these templates with your bandsaw or scroll saw, sand the edges, and use them to trace the pattern onto your wood, or use as a guide for a flush-trimming router bit.

Continued on page 18
Craftsman’s Most Powerful Vac... Wet or Dry

With six peak horsepower, Craftsman’s new wet/dry vac is the most powerful, detachable blower vac on the consumer market.

It’s at home in your workshop, kitchen, garage... even in the yard, thanks to the detachable blower that cleans up leaves and yard debris with a 200 MPH blowing velocity.

To complement its power, we developed a sturdy vac caddy supported by oversized wheels to resist vac tipping. There’s an extra-long 20-foot cord and convenient onboard accessory storage so tools are always right at hand. The large 16-gallon capacity, built-in drain and reusable filter make cleanup a breeze. Accessories include two extension wands, four nozzles, blowing diffuser and blower adapter.

Check out this new detachable blower vac with 6 peak horsepower at your Sears store, or for convenience, call the “Sears Shop at Home” service, 1-800-377-7414.
Back to the safer insert
I have an addition to the Ask WOODs article “A Safer Insert” in the November 1994 issue. In the past, I have made several zero-clearance inserts for my Delta contractor’s tablesaw. Not long ago, though, I noticed that the factory saw-blade insert has a small nub on the back edge that fits under a lip in the table opening. This prevents the insert from lifting at the back. I added this safety device to my inserts by tapping in a #5 x 1/8” long staple, centered along the edge at one end, leaving it protruding 1/4”. With this addition, I can still remove my insert from the front, but the staple serves the same purpose as the factory nub.

—James R. Gott San Jose, Calif.

How to reverse iron-on transfer images
In the November 1994 Talking Back article “A hot solution for transferring patterns,” this technique reverses the image when the photocopy is ironed onto the wood. Consequently, this does not work for lettering or asymmetrical patterns. Here’s a way to work around that problem:
1. Photocopy the original image onto clear acetate—an inexpensive material intended for use with photocopying and available at most office-supply stores.
2. Photocopy the acetate (with its printed side up) onto a plain sheet of paper.
3. This paper copy will have a reversed image. Place this sheet face down on the wood, and lightly press it with a hot iron to transfer the ink from the paper to the wood.

—Jack Moreland, Royal Oak, Mich.

Continued from page 16
Continued on page 21
The Adventures of Dusty Pyles

Hey B.E., how'd you win the Clean Shop Award? I sweep, but I can't seem to keep my shop clean.

Dusty, it's easy with the CleanAir System. Let me show you...

By using a unique 3-stage filtration system, the CleanAir effectively captures 97% of the dust particles in the air! It's compact and very quiet... After 8 months I've never had to change filters... and it mounts on the ceiling so it's never in the way of my work! Just look how great this place looks... and I've been working in my shop all day!

Back in Dusty's shop...

I can't work like this anymore (cough)... I want my shop to look like B.E.'s.

Hello... total shop, I want to order a CleanAir System...

To be continued...

And here are just a few more advantages the CleanAir System has over the competition...
- Needs no outside venting
- Effectively cleans the air in an area up to 4000 cubic feet
- Totally quiet operation
- Has no effect on existing room temperature
- Runs on standard house current
- Compact size (25" x 13" x 40") fits almost anywhere
- Heavy gauge steel cabinet with mounting holes
- Contains approximately 18 square feet of filter material
- Easy filter replacement
- Also available in heavy duty model
- 30 day money back guarantee
- One year warranty on all parts
- Built in the USA with a 5 year track record of total customer satisfaction

Why continue fighting the never ending battle with dust? Order now and receive absolutely FREE our Extended Lifetime Warranty ($29.95 value!)

CleanAir System
260 CFM order # 90175
Suggested List Price $339
NOW $269
$20 shipping

CleanAir System
490 CFM order # 90177
Suggested List Price $399
NOW $309
$20 shipping

Filter Replacement Kit • order # 90176 • $29.95

NAME
ADDRESS
CITY/STATE
ZIP
PHONE

☐ PLEASE SEND MORE INFO
☐ I WANT TO ORDER #
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Recent medical studies show that breathing wood dust can be hazardous to your health. The JDS AIR-TECH 2000 will dramatically improve the quality of the air in your workshop.

Our model 350 delivers 350 CFM of filtered air. This will clean the air in a 20 x 20 x 8 foot shop six and a half times per hour. For larger areas, our dual speed model 8-12 will deliver 800 or 1,250 CFM of filtered air for only $495. Our model 10-16 will deliver 1,000 or 1,600 CFM of filtered air for $695.

The JDS AIR-TECH 2000 systems will remove 99% of dust particles as small as five micron and 80% of the particles as small as one micron.

Our unique design makes both ceiling installation and filter changing quick and easy. For the removal of odors, fumes and smoke, our optional charcoal filter is available.

Another quality product from JDS COMPANY

Manufactured in the U.S.A.

To place an order or for the dealer nearest you call us toll-free.
And give yourself some breathing room.

Model 350

$259.00

Model 350
**CONTINUATION from page 18**

**The case of the missing fractions**

We have once again suffered from a disagreement between computers. This time the error crept into our WOOD PATTERNS™ for the June 1995 issue. On the pattern for the Easy Glider back slats, everywhere you see the symbol ø please substitute the fraction 1 1/4". Also, the 7/8" screw hole dimension in the Radial-Arm saw-stop part B was omitted from this pattern sheet. We apologize for any inconvenience this may have caused you.

**As the Watco turns**

In the last issue we reported that Watco Danish Oil Finish had been pulled off the market by its parent company, Minwax. We’ve now learned that The Flecto Company recently acquired the Watco brand. The product should be back on shelves by the time you read this. Flecto plans no changes to the formula, and few package or labeling changes. For more information call Flecto at: 800/635-3286.

—Bill Krier, Assistant Managing Editor

**Portable planer stand widens out**

Several readers who own a Delta 12" planer have noted that the 20½"-wide platform of the planer stand featured in the January 1995 issue is about 3½" too narrow to fit this machine, and they’ve had to mortise the side panels (A) to make them fit. Before building the portable planer stand, measure the overall width of your planer, and make the interior width of the stand 1" wider. If you’ve already built the stand, and your planer won’t fit, cut notches in the side panels. Neither change will affect the structural integrity of the project. Also, locate the four boles in each side panel (A) 4" from the bottom edge of the panel as shown in the Side Section View (below), not at the 2¾" mark as shown in the Side Panel drawing in the article.

[Diagram showing the dimensions and notations for the planer stand expansion]

**How I Turned My Hobby Into A Successful Craft Business.**

**With The Help Of My RBI HAWK Scroll Saw.**

When Susan Daily first considered starting her own craft business, she knew to produce the type of unique crafts customers would pay top-dollar for she needed to work with the best materials.

When time came to purchase a scroll saw, she wanted the best. So she purchased an RBI Precision Scroll Saw.

With her RBI Hawk Precision Scroll Saw, she now produces the woodworking projects she has always dreamed of creating.

**EDGES CUT SO SMOOTH THEY REQUIRE NO SANDING.**

Now, Susan creates beautiful crafts and toys, tole painting cut-outs as well as intricate, detailed fretwork and inlays. She really loves the fact that her RBI Hawk Precision Scroll Saw cuts edges so smoothly it virtually eliminates the need for sanding. With her RBI Hawk, she creates projects that her customers will treasure...year after year.

**HOW SHE INCREASED HER BUSINESS BY DIMENSIONING WOOD HERSELF.**

To produce wood to just the right dimension for her patterns, Susan and her husband decided to buy an RBI 812 “3-in-1" Universal wood-planer system. Now she even sells these pre-cut patterns to area craft stores and her own customers.

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Circle No. 84
Skids make floor cleaning easier with shop vacuum

For a quick and simple way to improve the operation of your shop vacuum, try raising the height of your floor nozzle by screwing a pair of skids to its sides. Position the skids so that they hold the bottom of the nozzle about 1/2" off the floor. With the skid raised, the floor nozzle won't stick to the floor or push around larger woodchips. You can make the skids out of any solid wood. Bevel the ends so that the blocks don't hang up on any small bumps in the floor.

—Danny Regans, Charlotte, N.C.

Hang your bench planes on dowel rods

Here's a quick-and-easy way to store your bench planes in an upright position. Install a 1 1/4" dowel or closet rod horizontally between two cabinet or shelf uprights. Position the dowel about 4" from the back of the cabinet or wall. Place the handles of the bench planes over this dowel as shown. To keep the planes from tipping over, mark where the sides of each plane touch the back wall. Then, drill holes and insert ¼×1 ½" dowels in these locations. If the back of your wall includes perforated hardboard, simply install pegboard hooks on both sides of each plane to prevent tipping.

—from the WOOD magazine shop

Continued on page 24
A tablesaw built with you in mind

During the two years we spent designing our totally NEW 10" tablesaw, we asked woodworkers like yourself what features they wanted in a saw.

This is what they told us.

![Picture of a tablesaw]

Two year limited warranty

For the name of the JET dealer nearest you, call 1-800-274-6848.

Like Having A Lumberyard Right In Your Shop!

Craftsmen everywhere are using the low-cost Woodmaster to bring in welcome extra cash and to save on all their lumber needs. You can, too!

With the big 18-in. Woodmaster or the standard 12-in. model, you can quickly convert low-cost, rough lumber into valuable finished stock. You can turn out perfect picture frame moldings, crown, bed and base moldings, tongue & groove, door and window trim... all popular patterns...any custom design.

You can do custom work for friends, neighbors, lumberyards, picture framers, home remodelers, hobby shops and businesses.

Because it takes just seconds to convert a $2 rough board into $10 worth of finished trim, you can see why so many Woodmaster owners enjoy substantial extra incomes!

Variable Speed Makes The Difference!

Just a twist of the dial gives you perfect control for planing, sanding or sawing...from 0 to 1,000 cuts per inch. Creates mirror-smooth molding with no sanding required!

Here's what Woodmaster owner L. C. Griffin of Los Angeles writes: "The shop test article in Wood Magazine that said they loved your Variable Feed Rate is what sold me. They were right."

Call or write today for free facts on how you can try this American-made tool in your own shop for one full month. Easy terms.

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JOINTECH proudly offers the ULTIMATE in a Precision Wood Working System. You don't have to be a master craftsman to build beautiful cabinetry, furniture or even jewelry boxes.

Our 68 templates enable you to easily make every type of dovetail and box joint. The Smart Fence will accommodate any cutter in your shop allowing you to make raised panels, rails & stiles, tongue and groove, face frame construction, drawer design, edgework and more. Don't limit yourself to a jig that can barely do dovetails or other small work only. JOINTECH's Cabinet Maker's System™ can do it all! Simply the best investment in quality and at a very affordable price.

SEND $5.00 OR CALL FOR A COMPLETE VIDEO BROCHURE.

TIPS FROM YOUR SHOP (AND OURS)

Continued from page 22

Drill bits provide perfect measurements

When setting the distance from a router bit to the fence on your router table, a drill bit can often provide you with a more accurate measurement than any ruler in your shop. For example, when you need a 1/4" space, simply hold the Shank of a 1/4" twist-type drill bit against the router bit, as shown below, and move the fence in until the drill bit fits snug against both surfaces.

Don't, however, push the fence in so tight that you can't remove the drill bit. Rather, adjust the fence until the drill bit drags lightly on both the router bit and the fence when you withdraw it (much like using a spark-plug feeler gauge).

You also can use this technique for setting the height of a router bit. Place a straightedge across the top of the bit, as shown bottom, and adjust the height of the router bit until the drill bit fits snugly between the router base or table-top and the straightedge.

—Ed John, South Sioux City, Neb.
Why trees should not be restricted to the woods.

Pine. Maple. Cherry. Oak. Why should woods like these be the only things you think of when you get the urge to create? Especially when Corian® surfaces would be such a beautiful alternative. You'll have your choice of colors and patterns which, as you know, is something you rarely get from a tree trunk. And Corian® stays uniform, so there are no surprises once you go below the surface. You don't have to worry about staining Corian® because it's nonporous. Or worry about needing new tools since it works perfectly with the ones you already have.

As for scratches, they sand right out. So do nicks, if, for some reason, you actually manage to get one. And when it's time for the big finish, we give you all kinds. Because you can polish Corian® to everything from a subdued matte finish to a jewel-like shine.

Now don't get us wrong. We're not saying being in the woods isn't fun. But honestly, who wants to spend every minute there? For more information or to find out where to buy Corian®, call 1-800-4-CORIAN.
TIPS FROM YOUR SHOP
(AND OURS)

Continued from page 24

Store scroll saw blades in an empty spice jar

If you have trouble storing and retrieving scroll saw blades, try keeping them in a 4"-high spice jar. By drilling a few holes in the lid, you can keep the blades separated where they are easy to see and retrieve.

—Frieda Dekker, Nobleford, Alta.

Tie on your glue-bottle cap and never fish for it again

Do you sometimes lose the small caps to your glue bottles? Try attaching them to the bottle with a short length of fishing line.

Drill a hole in the top of the cap and run one end of the fishing line through the hole. Tie this end in a knot. Tie the other end of the fishing line around the neck of the bottle with a square knot and you're set.

—Edward White, Torrance, Calif.
Earn $1,000 a week in your spare time.

Chimney Maintenance:
Every Home Needs It!

August West will show you how to clean and maintain chimneys and flues using our state-of-the-art equipment and field proven techniques.

You’ll be able to generate sales that range from $65 to $140 per call. And easily earn $1,000 a week in your spare time. More full time.

For less than the cost of a second hand car, you can be running “one of the best small businesses in America.”

Why Clean Chimneys?

There are nearly one hundred million chimneys, flues and stoves across the continent. Whether they are burning Gas, Oil, Coal or Wood, they all need to be cleaned. According to the National Fire Protection Association, they should be cleaned and serviced at least once a year to prevent disastrous fires.

There is an urgent need for this service. And there are very few sweeps.

19 Years of Service

For more than nineteen years, August West has equipped men and women to clean and service chimneys and flues.

We’re a national company and 90% of the chimney sweeps in the U.S. and Canada use our system.

Fabulous Earnings

Here’s what your part-time weekly income could look like:

<table>
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<td>$380 Sat</td>
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$1,040 weekly

August West Backs You Up

We provide you with training and support, workshops, newsletters, technical marketing advice, advertising and promotion manuals and continuing access to the growing chimney sweep community. You have all the advantages of a franchise without any of the drawbacks!

No Strings Attached

You keep all you earn. With August West there are no franchise fees, no commission payments.

For an investment of $3,995 you get the tools, equipment, and promotional materials you need to start earning money immediately.

Join the many thousands who have found personal freedom, success and the time to do the important things.

Jerry Morelle, owner of Magic Dragon Sweeps, leads an August West workshop. Participants learn how to clean and repair chimneys and flues and market fire protection supplies that generate a lot of additional income.

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TIPS FROM YOUR SHOP (AND OURS)

Continued from page 26

Cut up old sanding belts for use on sleeveless drums

The next time you tear or damage one of your sanding belts, don't toss it—recycle it. If the grit on the sanding belt still has some life left in it, cut the belt into pieces that fit on your sanding drums. The cloth-backed belts hold up longer than the thinner sandpaper normally used on these drums. With the recycled belts, you'll spend more time sanding and less time changing torn sandpaper on the drum.

—Brian Schaalbe, Loveland, Colo.

A FEW MORE TIPS FROM OUR WOODWORKING PROS

- When you turn a hollow vessel between centers, try the skew chisel for end-grain hollowing. See page 51 for details.
- Want a beautiful finish for turnings that dries almost instantly? It's all in Great Goblets Galore on pages 50-51.
- For a nifty Art Deco accent, make one of the shell-shaped Corian sides for the napkin holder on page 75.
Measuring gauge provides accuracy

Measuring the height of a blade or router bit with a try square won’t cost you anything, but then again it won’t give you much precision, either. Leichtung developed this new Height/Depth Gauge to give you the ability to accurately read a number of different measurements around the workshop. The 5" gauge measures to the top of a router bit or tablesaw blade, or to the bottom of a radial-arm saw blade. A magnetic base on the gauge allows you to place it securely on a cast-iron table and have both hands free. And a sliding rod enables you to check the depth of grooves or holes.

In my tests, I found the gauge easy to adjust, and the height and depth readings proved more accurate than you’ll ever need in woodworking. The 1/16" intervals and millimeter markings on the photo-engraved stainless-steel rule are easy to see. This is a useful tool at a good price. I’d recommend it to anyone who needs close tolerances and precise machine setups in their routing and sawing operations.

—Tested by Bob McFarlin

Detail carver scores a hit with pros and novices

Just before I took the new Ryobi Detail Carver to my monthly carver’s club meeting, I called the local supplier to see how many he had in stock. When he told me just six, I suggested that he order six more since twelve members attend the meetings. Sure enough, after my demonstration, everyone rushed out to buy one.

The Ryobi Detail Carver has a 110-volt DC motor that causes the blade to reciprocate at two speeds: 10,400 or 12,500 strokes per minute. This high-speed chiseling action does most of the work so you never have to force the blade. And, since the reciprocating motion is pressure-activated, you’re less likely to gouge the wood if you slip.

For experienced carvers, the biggest advantage this tool offers is that it removes a lot of material quickly. For those of you who limit your carving because of arthritis, bursitis, or carpal-tunnel syndrome, the Ryobi represents a major breakthrough. With its comfortable two-handed grip, you can carve extensively without exerting anything more than light pressure. I also think novice carvers will get a lot of satisfaction with the Ryobi. They can get impressive results fast and spend less money than they would for a basic set of carving tools.

The Ryobi comes with five blades: a 6mm 90° V, 9mm #9 gouge, 9mm bullnose, 9mm straight chisel, and a 4mm straight chisel. On the bottom of the V-tool, the profile returns to a flat shape behind the grind. I’d prefer that the bottom retain a crisp V-profile to make it easier to follow the cut and prevent the blade from rising out of the cut. I also would grind a slight curve on the corners of the 9mm #9 gouge as the pointed corners on the factory grind cause some tearing in soft wood. I also noticed that the tool gets warm after about 20 minutes of use if you cover the vent holes with your hands.

These minor points aside, the blades are forged from a good quality steel. They come well-sharpened and require only a light stropping. Ryobi also sells an additional set of six blades: a 3mm V, 7mm V, 4mm skew chisel, 4mm deep gouge, 6mm straight chisel, and 8mm shallow gouge. The set is sold with a storage case and costs about $24.

To test the machine, I tried it on walnut, oak, butternut, basswood, and driftwood. In every case, the Ryobi delivered good results with ease and speed. I used the V-tool to carve the outlines of the eagle in the photo above, the gouge and bullnose to carve the relief pattern in the background, and the chisels to shape the details.

The other power carvers I’ve owned cost double or more the price of the Ryobi. But even if price were no object, the Ryobi still rates as the first tool I’d turn to for power carving.

—Tested by Jim Rose

Ryobi Detail Carver, about $75 in stores or catalogs. Write to Ryobi Customer Service, P.O. Box 1207, Anderson, SC 29622. Call 800/525-2579.

Continued on page 32
Dear Mr. Forrest:

What a pleasure it is to find a product that is so much better than the competition. I am a long time owner of a Woodworker I (10" x 60") that I used with a 4" stabilizer. It has consistently produced clean, sharp cuts on my radial arm saw which has been purchased in the last year. I am now using a Woodworker II (10" x 1\(\frac{2}{5}\) x 40") with a 5" stabilizer. The first thing I did when I opened the box was to try out the blade on the piece of oak that I had left over from my last project. Although everything checked out, the blade was not sharp enough for my liking.

Fortunately, I was able to use the Woodworker II (10" x 1\(\frac{2}{5}\) x 40") with a 5" stabilizer. The first thing I did when I opened the package was to try out the blade on the piece of oak that I had left over from my last project. Although everything checked out, the blade was not sharp enough for my liking. I have since learned how to properly sharpen the blade and now enjoy the simplicity of using a Woodworker II with a 5" stabilizer.

As soon as I realized that a terrific tool is in my hands, I immediately bought the Woodworker II and the blade for my radial arm saw. I have been using it for about six years, and it is large, but it has worn a bit. I have since learned how to properly sharpen the blade and now enjoy the simplicity of using a Woodworker II with a 5" stabilizer.

Sincerely,
Hank Meister
Richardson, Texas

CARL KLAENHAMMER
CASPER, WYOMING

UPGRADE YOUR CHOP AND SLIDING MITER SAW WITH OUR CHOPMASTER

New specs • 5" Neg. Pts. & a flat, runout less than .002" for perfect, tight, smooth, splinter-free miter joints.

NEW AVAILABLE SIZES

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<th>Blade Size</th>
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For general purpose use, use Woodworker I 30T & 40T or Woodworker II.

WOODWORKER I - For TABLE AND RADIAL SAW

The first out of all ALL PURPOSE blades give a smooth finish. EXCLUSIVE cuts on all material. EXCLUSIVE Cuts on radial arm saw. All 50T and 60T. ATB and 5" face knives on 10" dia. and under. Under 12" and 14" and 20" ATB 10%.

DOUBLE HARDER STEEL COMBINATION CARBIDE.

THIN KERF:
Saves 1/3 wood loss in each cut. radial or table. Feeds easy when used for moderate rip and crosscut on table. Reduces "JUMP IN" only for better "FULL CONTROL". Practically eliminates bottom splinter on radial or CROSS CUT. Totally stops all top and bottom splinter on ply veneers in push out mode on radial.

Our STIFFENER STRONGLY RECOMMENDED against outside of blade only for best cuts.
Made and serviced in USA for your benefit.

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WOODWORKER II - For TABLE AND RADIAL SAW

The first out of all ALL PURPOSE blades give a smooth finish. EXCLUSIVE cuts on all material. EXCLUSIVE Cuts on radial arm saw. All 50T and 60T. ATB and 5" face knives on 10" dia. and under. Under 12" and 14" and 20" ATB 10%.

DOUBLE HARDER STEEL COMBINATION CARBIDE.

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Our STIFFENER STRONGLY RECOMMENDED against outside of blade only for best cuts.
Made and serviced in USA for your benefit.

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DURALINE HI-AT For TABLE & RADIAL SAW

Very good on chop saw tool! STOP SPLINTERING those splintery oaks, hardwood veneers and thin side laminates on particle board. FOR FASTER FEED RATES AND MORE ABSOLUTE SPLINTER CONTROL.

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—Tested by Bob McFarlin


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Continued on page 34
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—Tested by Dave Henderson

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GONCALO ALVES
Prized for its beauty, harvested for its durability

In the high tropical forests of Central and South America, well-drained soils furnish nutrients for a variety of dense, durable hardwoods sought for maritime use, heavy construction, and furniture. The Spanish began harvesting in Latin American forests in the early 1500s to provide timber for boatbuilding and repair. By the early 1900s, however, steel ships had replaced wooden ones, and the interest in tropical forests by both Europeans and Americans shifted to appearance-grade woods for furniture.

Although history fails to provide us with a shopping list of species from either harvest period, it’s probable that the wood we know today as goncalo alves has always been sought. That’s because goncalo alves, considered one of the most beautiful of tropical woods, has a tough reputation, too. Strong and durable, it’s used for construction in its homeland and secondarily for fine furniture. Woodworkers elsewhere treasure the wood for decorative items and veneer accents.

Wood identification
Goncalo alves (Astronium fraxinifolium and A. graveolens), sometimes called kingwood or tigerwood, grows from southern Mexico through Central America and into South America. A common, medium-sized tree, goncalo alves attains a diameter of 24–40" and a height of 120'. Its cylindrical trunk can be clear of branches for two-thirds of its height.

Goncalo alves belongs to a large family of trees (Anacardiaceae) that claims over 600 species. Its relatives include the tropical cashew, pistachio, and the mango. A cousin, the smoke tree, often ornaments North American lawns, and except for its smaller size, bears much resemblance to its Latin American relation.

The grayish-white sapwood of goncalo alves gives little notice of the color that lies underneath. In shades of brown and reddish-brown—frequently with dark, nearly black longitudinal stripes—the heartwood can be stunning, especially with Astronium fraxinifolium. Even in its plainer forms, goncalo alves has a soft luster. With age, the color deepens to a mahogany-like, dark-red hue.

A dense wood with a specific gravity that can approach .95 (double that of hard maple), goncalo alves also has a texture that varies from fine to medium and a grain that varies from straight to interlocked and wavy. The wood weighs about 60 pounds per cubic foot air dry and rates as highly resistant to moisture, rot, and insect attack.

Uses in woodworking
Goncalo alves esteem with North American and European craftsmen. It’s made into high-value items such as archery bows, billiard-cue butts, jewelry boxes, and turnings. In veneer form, it becomes panels and decorative accents on fine furniture.

Availability
Although not readily available as lumber, goncalo alves is handled by mail-order, specialty-wood dealers. In 1" thickness it costs about $9 per board foot. As veneer for marquetry, expect to pay about $1.25 per square foot.

Continued
Machining methods
Both species of goncalo alves, because they are hard, heavy, and dense, require power tools for successful working. The wood takes a toll on cutting edges, too, so use carbide-tipped blades and cutters. Then, remember these helpful tips:
• Feed this dense wood slowly into the planer. If you find that your stock has interlocked grain, feed it at a slight angle of about 15°. If any tearout occurs, take a shallower cut.
• Goncalo alves' density also means that you should rip it with a rip-profile blade that has no more than 28 teeth. This allows sawdust to clear and avoids burning from heat buildup.
• Crosscut wood with lots of figure with the help of a backing board to prevent tearout.
• In jointing, take shallow passes of \( \frac{1}{2} \) in to reduce tearout.
• At the drill press, a slower rpm (about 250) won’t burn this hard wood. In deep drilling, back the bit out once in awhile to clear it.
• You’ll get the best results in routing goncalo alves if you use bits with ballbearing pilots. Combine this with a consistent feed rate and you’ll avoid burning.
• Due to the extreme hardness of this wood, you won’t want to skip any grits in sanding or you’ll leave scratches. Also avoid cross-grain sanding. You’ll find that a cabinet scraper may give better results than sanding.
• Be sure to lubricate screws.
• In gluing goncalo alves, first wipe the wood in the joints with a solvent to clear natural extractives. Then, because its density resists glue absorption, use an adhesive with a longer open time, such as woodworker’s white glue. Put on a light coat, briefly join the pieces, then pull them apart and let the glue set up a bit before reassembling the wood.
• Although goncalo alves takes a high luster from simple polishing, you’ll want to give it a clear finish to show off its beauty.

Carving comments
Goncalo alves is hard and dense, so nothing but power-carving tools with carbide-tipped burrs will do. Start with medium-cut burrs and progress to fine ones. Coarse burrs can chip the wood.

Turning tips
• Unless you happen to get a highly figured piece of goncalo alves with alternating grain densities, the wood turns easily as long as you have sharp tools. In the former case, be careful of tearout.
• In sanding your turning, don’t skip grits or you’ll get hard-to-remove scratches.

SHOP-TESTED TECHNIQUES THAT ALWAYS WORK
Any exceptions—and tips pertaining to working this issue’s featured wood species—appear under other headings elsewhere on this page.
• For stability in use, always work wood with a maximum moisture content of 8 percent.
• Feed straight-grained wood into planer knives at a 90° angle. To avoid tearing, feed figured or twisted grain at a slight angle (about 15°), and take shallow cuts of about \( \frac{1}{2} \) in.
• For clean cuts, rip with a rip-profile blade having 24-32 teeth. Smooth cross-cutting of hardwood requires at least a 40-tooth blade.
• Avoid using twist drills. They tend to wander in the wood and cause breakout. Use brad-point bits and a backing board under the workpiece to reduce wood tearout.
• Drill pilot holes for screws.
• Rout with sharp, preferably carbide-tipped, bits. Take shallow passes to avoid burning.
• Carving hardwoods means fairly shallow gouge bevels—15° to 20°—and shallow cuts.

GONCALO ALVES AT A GLANCE

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| Compiled with woodworker Tom Ereses and woodturner Gary Zeff Illustrations: Steve Schindler
The Master of Musical Antiquity

The stringed instruments Stanley Hess builds haven't been heard from since the Renaissance.

On a trip to Italy in 1972, the direction of Stanley Hess's life changed forever. While touring the Lower Church of St. Francis of Assisi, he spotted a fresco by Simone Martini in which a street musician plays a small musical instrument called a mandora—a distant relative of the lute. The 500-year-old instrument impressed Stan with its elegant proportions, elaborate inlays, and superb carving.

Stan Hess bows one of his barytons above. The carved eagle's head left graces the pegbox of a mandora—the first stringed instrument he built.
MUSICAL ANTIQUITY

As a professor of art, and an amateur woodworker, Stan knew craftsmanship when he saw it. It bothered him, though, that his appreciation for woodworking exceeded his ability to produce it. “When I was 14, I tried to build a violin. It was a terrible mess,” confesses Stan. “So I gave up on woodworking almost entirely.”

But the mandora in the fresco rekindled that youthful dream. When he returned home to Des Moines, Iowa, Stan plowed deep into the library stacks at Drake University where he taught. There he found the Syntaxima musicum, a four-hundred-year-old reference book that illustrates the sizes and construction details of practically every instrument made in the Western World.

Stan combined the information in this ancient text with books by more modern musicologists, and his knowledge of design and proportion to re-create an instrument that had been lost to history.

With his basic woodworking skills and a lot of research, Stan was able to construct the body of the instrument. Then, he taught himself carving techniques so he could grace the instrument with elaborate detailing he had seen in the fresco.

No two instruments alike
Since that first mandora, Stan has built some two-dozen stringed instruments, an equal number of recorders, and a handful of dulcimers. He retired and he and his wife moved to Tulsa, Oklahoma, in 1985, but time has not slowed his output or enthusiasm. At 71 he is energetic, and full of ideas.

“I never make the same instrument twice,” says Stan, in a low-key voice that carries just a trace of an Oklahoma drawl. “The carvings make each one unique.”

But Stan’s carved pegboxes, as shown in two photos far right, are more than unique. Each is a miniature masterpiece of sculpture, flawlessly executed. What’s even more surprising than the beauty of his work is the low-tech, low-budget attitude he brings to his choice of tools. Despite a long and successful professional career, Stan never lost the down-home, make-do practicality that came from growing up in the small town of Anadarko, Oklahoma, during the depression. He still carves all his wooden pegboxes with an X-acto knife.

“It’s a great tool for carving,” advises Stan. “When the blade gets dull, you just throw it away.” As for scrapers, Stan sees no need to go out and spend $6 for a fancy one. “I use a sharpened putty knife. It’s cheap and it works wonderfully.”

In search of the lost chord
After building his first mandora, Stan continued to research and build the more interesting musical instruments he found in Renaissance- and Baroque-era paintings: pocket-sized parlor violins called pockettes; the cittern, a precursor of the guitar; and the rebec, an ancestor of the violin family. But the stringed instruments he built were purely for show. “I never played a note on them,” he says. Stan had built some recorders—the only instrument he actually played—and the difficulty of obtaining a good sound with these intrigued him.

The more Stan researched acous-
tics, the more he wanted to build stringed instruments that sounded as beautiful as he could make them look.

Stan began this new quest by building a Venetian-style viol da gamba, an instrument that resembles a small cello.

Shortly afterward, he discovered an extremely rare instrument, the baryton, and in it he found his heart's delight. Sized and played like a bass viol, the baryton employs anywhere from nine to 22 sympathetic strings underneath the six main strings. When the main strings are bowed, the sympathetic strings respond with a deep, droning sound. To Stan, the baryton opened up a whole new world of obscurity, complexity, and elaborate detailing.

"In the 18th century, the Austrian composer Franz Joseph Haydn wrote 75 sonatas for this instrument," says Stan. "But after I built my first baryton, I came up with a theory as to why they became extinct. The composers and conductors no doubt loved the baryton's big droning sound, but it was a very complicated instrument to make. The composers probably asked the makers to keep adding strings, and I think that at a certain point the makers just gave up. Stan, however, never gave up, and has built three barytons to date. In doing so, he helped contribute to a revival of interest in the long-forgotten baryton and the music Haydn wrote for it.

A delicate balance of strength and weight

Building an acoustic stringed instrument like a viol or baryton requires the maker to balance two conflicting demands—weight and strength. "The lighter instruments typical of early makers had less mass and wood involved, and for this reason they probably had a better sound," explains Stan. "But these thin-walled instruments also must possess considerable strength. Once they are tightened to pitch, the strings on a baryton, for example, exert considerable tension." To resolve the conflict between weight and strength, makers use quarter-sawn stock throughout the body of the instrument—usually a highly-figured maple for the sides and back, and spruce for the top.

The idea for the carved figure on the viol pegbox, above, came from a 12th-century illuminated letter.
MUSICAL ANTIQUITY

Draw first, cut later
Stan begins each instrument-building project with research and drawings. He designs the entire instrument, including the plans, elevations, cross-sections, and pegbox carving on paper first. Then he moves to the workshop and glues up several pieces of maple for the instrument neck.

The slow work of thickening the back and sides comes next. Starting with a surface planer, Stan brings the ¼" thick quartersawn pieces down to roughly ½", and then gets down to business with his putty-knife/scrapper. The finished backs wind up 3mm thick and the sides measure 1.5mm to 2mm thick.

Once the sides are scraped, Stan soaks them in water for about 30 minutes. Then he heats the pieces by working them back and forth over a large soldering iron sheathed with a section of copper pipe. When they become pliable, he quickly clamps the side pieces into a two-piece mold and lets them sit for about a day.

After the mold is removed from the sides, Stan glues pre-bent "linings" to the inside on the top and bottom edges. These linings are long, thin strips of wood about 2.5mm thick which serve to increase the gluing area for the top and back pieces. With the linings in place, Stan then glues on the back of the instrument using a homemade board that holds a series of closely spaced clamps, as shown in Photo 3 above.

Scenes from an ancient world
While the back is in clamps, Stan works on the glued-up neck blank. He cuts the basic shape on a bandsaw, drills holes along the sides for the tuning pegs, and then returns to the bandsaw to rough out the pegbox carving.

Stan's carvings fall into two categories—re-creations of scenes from Renaissance art, and original designs. On his original designs, Stan often employs a double image. "Close up, you see one figure, but move ten paces back," says Stan, "and the image changes." At arm's length, for
example, his “Adam and Eve” peg-box on the baryton in the photo on page 40 shows a man and woman seated with their knees together. Viewed from a distance, though, the details blur into the image of a serpent’s head.

**Fitting the neck to the body**
The most critical part of the instrument-building process comes when Stan fits the finished neck to the body of the instrument. First, he routes a large dovetail into the glue block at the top of the body, and then he carves the mating pin on the base of the neck. Fitting this large dovetail requires hours of meticulous work—paring away paper-thin slices on the edges of the pin to ensure a tight fit and a perfect neck-to-body angle.

Shaping the top of the instrument also requires a masterful touch. The top starts as two book-matched pieces of quartersawn spruce, ⅜”-thick, edge-joined down the middle. Then, over the course of two days, Stan patiently carves away wood using small violin-maker’s planes, as shown in Photo 5.

The challenge in shaping the top comes from the complex shape of this critical part of the instrument. A horizontal cross-section through the top of a baryton or viol would reveal a subtly arched form much like a very flat bell curve. And the thickness of this piece of spruce must vary from 4.5mm in the center to about 3mm on the edges.

“More than anything else, the top affects the way the instrument sounds,” says Stan. “It’s the amplifier, the part that vibrates in response to the strings.” A perfectly thicknessed top will vibrate with greater clarity and volume than one less expertly shaped.

**Finishing with inlays**
When the top is done, Stan glues it to the sides with the same clamp board used to glue the bottom on. Next, he selects some rosewood or ebony to make the fingerboard (the part where your fingers hold the strings down), nut, tailpiece (the anchor for the strings), and tuning pegs. He also finishes the edges of the top with a decorative inlay called purfling that he cuts with a jeweler’s saw and glues into a shallow rabbet.

Stan then brings the inlay flush with the body by careful scraping. “I try to avoid sandpaper,” says Stan. “It closes up the pores of the wood and dulls the sound.” With the woodworking on the body complete, he starts in on the finish. Depending on the instrument, Stan may apply a stain followed by a filler and then six or more coats of a violin varnish. After the finish dries, he attaches the tailpiece, fingerboard, frets, and finally the tuning pegs.

Stringing and playing the instrument is every maker’s moment of truth. “There are so many variables and so many subtle influences on the sound of an instrument that you’ll never know if you have a dud or not until you play it,” says Stan.

And if the instrument doesn’t sound right? “You take off the top, alter the thickness or reshape the curves, put it back together, and hope for the best.”
If you’re like a lot of woodworkers we know, you’ve probably admired the finely crafted workbenches available through woodworking catalogs, and dreamed of either buying one or building such a bench yourself. So have we. To learn more about these benches, we gathered together as many models as we could find on today’s market and gave them a thorough tryout. Here’s what we discovered.

**Why you need a good workbench**

For most of us, a workbench ranks as the most-utilized, yet least-appreciated, “tool” in our shop. Although we rarely stop to think about our benches (perhaps because they don’t require regular maintenance), they serve as the focal point of our woodworking activity. It’s here that we study shop drawings, work with hand and portable power tools, even set a cup of coffee.

For most of these activities, we need a bench with a solid top and well-designed vises. When you’re ready to assemble a project, for instance, a good bench comes through by providing a true and level surface. (You know the importance of a flat top all too well if you’ve ever tried to assemble a square frame, a flat tabletop, or a four-legged project on a warped benchtop.)

**Note:** If you own a bench with a warped top, see what you can do to fix it in the article on page 10.

**So why not make your own?**

Right now you may be wondering why you should shell out the big
bucks (upwards of $1,000 for the best models) for a manufactured bench when you can make one yourself. We asked ourselves this very question, and came to the following conclusions.

Even though manufactured benches may seem expensive, don’t expect to save a lot of money by building your own. For example, consider how much it would cost you to build a bench comparable to the top bench in this article—the Ulmia Master Cabinetmaker’s Bench.

The Ulmia model costs $1,350 plus shipping from West Virginia. By our estimate you would spend about $950 for the wood, hardware, and other materials to build a similar version. And, Chuck Hedlund, WOOD® magazine’s project builder, estimates it would take him about 40 hours to build a bench of this quality. So, assuming a shipping cost of $100 for the Ulmia bench, Chuck calculates that his savings for making the bench would amount to about $12.50 per hour of time required. Keep in mind that Chuck is a professional woodworker with years of experience.

Of course, our calculations do not take into account the pride you will earn from making such a project yourself. But, since you will have a considerable amount of wood invested in a large-sized bench, carefully consider if you have the necessary skills and equipment before tackling such a project. Then, try to obtain existing plans (Woodcraft Supply sells plans and parts for two styles of Ulmia benches for $9.95 each. Call 800/535-4482.)

How much bench do you need, anyway?
The benches in our test range in weight from 50 to 310 pounds, and require from 30 to 66 square feet of floor space (allowing for 3’ of standing room in front of the vises). Available work surface (not counting tool trays) varies from 13½×29½” to 24½×78¾”. Here’s how to determine what workbench size best suits your needs:
• First, determine where you will place the workbench in your shop, and how much space you can devote to it. Remember that while you need standing room on at least two sides of any bench, it’s best if you can freely move completely around it.
• If you do much handtool work such as planing, chiseling, or sawing, you need a large, stout workbench. Don’t even consider the models weighing less than 150 pounds unless you secure them to the floor or weight them down. Even then, narrow your choices to the benches that receive only “good” or “better” ratings for vise performance and durability in the chart on page 48.
• Consider, too, the size of your typical projects. If you stick to carving or building small items such as toys or jewelry boxes, you don’t need a humongous bench. If you lean toward cabinet and furniture projects, you need a bench with a big top, unless you have another large, flat surface that you can use for assembly.
• Finally, take into account your own height. The tested benches range from 33¼ to 35¾” tall. That may not seem like much of a difference, but the six-footers on our staff found the taller benches considerably more comfortable.

A workbench is only as good as its vises
Many of the tasks that you perform at a bench require a vise. So, you’ll appreciate one that’s sturdy and designed to firmly hold your workpieces. The benches in this article each have two vises from among the types shown below. Here’s what you need to know about them.

Most of the benches on today’s market have an end and a face
The face and end vises varied in depth from 1" for the Craftsman bench (left) and 1 3/4" for the Anke, to 1 1/4" for the African Versatile vise (middle) and two of the Sjobergs. The Sjoberg 2200BS had 3/4"-deep jaws, but the Ulmia face vises (right) were the champs with 4 1/4" of jaw depth.

The vises that are essentially the same. The face vise is located to the far left on the front side of the bench, while the end vise is located on the right end. The end vise typically has longer jaws that cover the full width of the work surface. These general-purpose vises perform most tasks well, with just a couple of limitations. First, the guide rod(s) and screw prevent you from clamping many workpieces vertically. If you place an object vertically on the outside of one of the rods, the vise jaw will rack out of parallel under heavy clamping pressure.

Instead of the end vise, some benches (typically higher-end models) have a tail vise on the right front corner. These won't rack, so you can exert extreme pressure with one. The space between the jaws is completely open for clamping workpieces vertically.

One bench in our test, the Sjobergs 1522BS, has a shoulder vise in place of the face vise. Like the tail vise, the shoulder-vise jaws are open for objects positioned vertically. The shoulder vise won't handle as much clamping pressure as a tail vise, but it has a swiveling pad on the end of the screw for holding tapered or free-form objects.

Although all of the tested tail vises, and the one shoulder vise, were well constructed, we found big differences in the capacity and quality of the face/end vises from bench to bench. As shown in the series of photos above, and listed in the chart on page XX, the jaws of the face and end vises varied considerably in depth. We found the vises on the Craftsman and Anke benches, with only 1" and 1 1/4" of depth respectively, too small to hold many workpieces between the jaws. (All of the end vises and tail vises adequately hold objects on the surfaces of the benches when used in conjunction with bench dogs. We'll cover those later.)

As shown in the photos shot facing the underside of the benchtops below, the face/end vises also varied considerably in the beefiness of their construction. The Ulmia vises, with all-steel

Despite having just one guide rod, the Ulmia vises proved to have the most stable construction in our test.

Although made of beery components, the African Versatile vises had some slope in the guide-rod assemblies.

The Sjobergs vises were adequate in most regards, with no glaring strengths or weaknesses.

A thin table edge and scanty mechanism reinforcement led to the failure of the Craftsman and Anke vises.
components mounted to a nearly indestructible 5"-thick edge, are the undisputed champs in this category. Among the “little things that count” that we noticed with the Ulmia vises were the squaretooth threads of their screws as shown in the drawings below. These threads cost more to manufacture because they have to be machined to exact tolerances for a tight fit. The tapered-tooth threads found on all of the other vise screws have more slop from the start and will get sloppier over the years at a faster rate than the square-tooth threads.

The only vises that failed during our tests were the identically constructed face and end vises of the Craftsman bench and the face vise of the Anke model. The nonsubstantial table edge and screwmechanism reinforcement combined to cause the table edge to bow out and delaminate from the bottom in certain high-pressure clamping situations.

**Big and brawny benchtops take the prize**

The ideal bench features a flat, thick top made from a hard, stable wood, and has sturdy edges. Although all of the tested benchtops came within 1/8" of being totally flat, we did come across differences in wood type, and in the thickness of the tops and edges. Here’s a closer look at each of these critical areas:

- **Wood type.** All of the woods used to make the benchtops in our test proved to be durable and fairly stable. None of them warped or delaminated even though we ordered them during a typically humid Midwest summer and wrapped up our testing during dry winter conditions.

Most of the workbench models contain woods commonly used in benchtops, such as red and white beech, and nordic birch. The African Versatile Bench is made of a wood—described as Rhodesian teak by our contacts at Garrett Wade—that we had not seen before. In our tests this exotic-looking wood held up as well as any of the traditional species.

- **Thickness.** The surfaces varied from 1" to 3 1/4" thick, and the edges ranged from 1" to 5" thick. In our trials, the tops and edges less than 1 1/2" thick proved too light to absorb the shock of mallet blows or withstand intense clamping pressure.

And remember, at some point all benches require replaning (as described on page 10) to flatten and smooth them. Here too, a thick top adds to bench longevity.

All of the tested benches, except for the Sjobergs 2200BS, have tops made up of one layer of edge-glued stock. The 2200BS has three layers, with a 9/8"-thick veneer of white beech atop two layers of maple. Although we would prefer a thicker top layer, this design does have advantages. First, it allows the manufacturer to make better use of wood (only the top pieces have to be long and flawless). And, the many laminations should lend stability to the top, making it less prone to warp over time.

**Bases: Every bench needs a solid foundation**

As you might expect, bench manufacturers concentrate more on the benchtops and vises than on building fancy bases. This suited us fine. All of the bases, with the exception of the one on the Sjobergs 1522BS, proved sufficiently solid and rack-free. We experienced racking with the 1522BS regardless of how much we tightened its connecting hardware. The only solution was to add our own diagonal bracing between its legs.

Although several of the benches feature drawers and shelves, we suggest that you not give them much weight when making your buying decision. Many of these parts are made of particleboard and thin plywood, and have self-joinery. If you want storage that will last the ages, you’re best off building it yourself.

As shown in the photos below, the benches in our test use either bolts with captured nuts, or tension rods, to join the stretchers to the legs. Both systems work well, but the tension rods, found only on the Ulmia’s, help make a slightly stiffer base. But, we did find that these rods required considerably more snugging up than the captured nuts when we entered drier winter months. Both types of hardware knock down easily for shipping.
The best of the tested benches use the same woods for their tops and bases. Although some of the less-expensive models have lighter-weight pine bases, we didn’t find any serious downfalls with them.

**Bench dogs: a woodworker’s best friend**

No matter what your woodworking style, you’ll find bench dogs mighty handy. By plugging one or more of these into holes in the vises and benchtops, you can securely hold flat stock for scraping, sanding, relief carving, and other tasks.

And, as you can see in the photo below, these “dogs” come in many different breeds. All of them work, but the short dogs on the Anke and Craftsman benches have no springs and can’t be adjusted higher than 1/4" above the benchtop. These do, however, have round shafts, as do the dogs of the Ulmia Cabinetmaker’s Bench. Because they can pivot in their holes, these dogs do a good job of securing round workpieces without marring their edges. We found the rectangular dogs more effective with square stock.

We were disappointed in the wooden benchdogs on the African Versatile Bench. Although these dogs were less prone to mar workpiece edges, they didn’t fit their holes, and their thin wooden springs had a tendency to break.

**Our recommendations**

It pays to buy a good bench. Not only will a high-quality bench help you with your work, it’s also a pleasure to look at and admire. And, a top-quality bench will be an asset to your grandchildren’s children long after lesser benches have found their way to a landfill.

If price doesn’t deter you, buy an Ulmia bench and you won’t regret it. We found the two models in our test about equally matched, but we slightly favor the Master Cabinetmaker’s Bench given the slight difference in price (unless you need the extra working sur-
THE LOWDOWN ON BENCHES PRICED FROM $170 TO $1,350

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VISES (5)</th>
<th>TOP</th>
<th>BASE</th>
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<th>OVERALL RATINGS (11)</th>
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<td>MAX LENGTH (INCHES)</td>
<td>FUNCTIONALITY (4)</td>
<td>THICKNESS (INCHES)</td>
<td>SIDE BOARD THICKNESS (INCHES)</td>
<td>AVAILABLE WORK SURFACE ANGLES (IN)</td>
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<td>RT</td>
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<td>7 1/4</td>
<td>F</td>
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<td>8 1/2</td>
<td>F</td>
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<tr>
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<td>4 1/2</td>
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<tr>
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<td>23 1/2</td>
<td>6 1/2</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>G</td>
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<td>F/T</td>
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<td>5 1/2</td>
<td>E</td>
<td>E</td>
<td>RB</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. (f) Face vise
   (FS) Full-width end vise similar to face vise but with dog hole
   (S) Shoulder vise
   (T) Tail vise
   (T) Tail vise with round swivel pad

5. Listed dimensions are for face and end vises.
   (*) Shoulder vise has round swivel pad

6. Excellent
   Good
   Fair
   Poor

7. (NB) Nordic birch
   (P) Pine
   (RB) Red beech
   (RM) Rhodesian mlima
   (RT) Rhodesian teak
   (SM) Soft maple
   (WB) White beech

8. Width x length, not including tool trays and vises.

9. (1) But joint with tension rod
   (2) But joint with captured nut
   (3) Grooved or rabbed joint with captured nut
   (4) Cabinet
   (5) Drawer
   (MD) Multiple drawers
   (S) Shelf
   (*) Modules available with various storage options.

10. (1) Rated on a 1-10 scale with 10 being the highest possible score.
   (2) Germany
   (3) Rhodesia
   (3) Sweden
   (4) USA
   (5) Canada
   (6) China
   (7) Indonesia
   (8) Vietnam
   (9) Taiwan
   (10) Malaysia

11. Date of posting at time of article's production. Shipping charges not included.

12. Date of posting at time of article's production. Shipping charges not included.

13. Date of posting at time of article's production. Shipping charges not included.

Even if you can't drop the big bucks, you can still buy a high-quality bench. We feel that the African Versatile Bench, Sjobergs SJ68, and Sjobergs 1522BS represent good value if you can stand a few trade-offs. The African Versatile Bench has the “beef” to take a pounding, but its sloppily fitting vise guide rods may require some tinkering on your part. And, you may want to make your own replacement bench dogs.

Both the Sjobergs SJ68 and 1522BS require some weighting or means of floor attachment if you subject them to handtool use. Even though the base of the 1522BS needs bracing, we can overlook this because of its super-handy shoulder vise and effective tail vise.

Written by Bill Krier  Technical consultant: Dave Henderson  Illustrations: Kim Downing  Photographs: Doug Hetherington

WOOD MAGAZINE  AUGUST 1995  49
Great Goblets

Turning a goblet inevitably leads to one thing: turning another. So if you haven’t gotten in on the fun yet, now’s your chance. We’ve provided five designs to start you out, but we’re sure you’ll soon come up with dozens of your own.

Project prep
Stock: Steve DeJong, a woodturner from Colorado Springs, Colorado, who shared his tips and techniques with us for this article, often turns goblets from scraps or found wood. You can turn any of the goblets shown from 2⅛ x 2⅛ x 8" stock.
Lathe equipment: Spindle centers and chuck or 3-4" faceplate.
Turning tools: ½" spindle gouge, ½" skew, ½" round-nose scraper, ½" parting tool.
Lathe speeds: Roughing: 800-1,500 rpm. Finish turning: 1,500-2,400 rpm.

Mount the stock between centers and round it down. On one end, form a tenon to fit your lathe chuck. If you don’t have a chuck, make the tenon 1" in diameter and 1" long.

Remove the drive center from your lathe, and attach the chuck to the headstock spindle. Mount the stock in the chuck.

No chuck? Then just attach a 1½"-thick scrapwood auxiliary faceplate to a 3-4" lathe faceplate. Turn the edge and face true, and form a 1"-diameter recess 1" deep in the center. Test-fit the workpiece tenon in this recess as you go—it must fit snugly. Bring up the tailstock to help align the workpiece on center, then glue the tenon into the recess with cyanoacrylate adhesive.

Start with the rough shape
Lay out your goblet and turn the outside to rough shape. To turn the goblets shown left, refer to the full-sized templates on page 98. Or, you can create your own design. Here are some tips on doing that from woodturner and project designer Steve DeJong of Colorado Springs, Colorado.

“As a general rule,” Steve says, “divide the blank into thirds when you lay out your goblet.” The top third will become the bowl; the lower part, the stem and foot.

“Ultimately, though, the proportions are up to the turner,” Steve hastens to add. “A tall, tulip-shaped bowl with a short stem looks great. And many people like a tall stem with a small, round bowl on top.” Look at crystal, silver, and pottery stemware for design ideas and proportions.

Start the rough-turning with the tailstock in position. Shape the side of the bowl and establish the diameter at the rim, following the template. A ¼" spindle gouge will do the job. If you’re creating your own design, shoot for a rim diameter of between one-third and one-half the goblet’s height.

Next, establish the foot diameter. Make it about the same size as or a little smaller than the rim for goblets up to 5" or 6" tall; a little larger for taller ones. Don’t turn the stem down to size yet. Leave it thick and stout until you finish clearing out the bowl.

Dig into the bowl
To begin hollowing the bowl, slide the tailstock out of the way, and bring the tool rest around to the end of the workpiece. Set the tool rest height to place the tip of your gouge on the turning’s horizontal centerline.
GALORE

Your turnings will be the toast of the town

Mark the bowl's inside center depth on the tool shank (a piece of masking tape works fine). Then, bore straight into the center of the workpiece, keeping the tool horizontal. Do this in several stages, withdrawing the gouge occasionally so it won't overheat.

Clean out the bowl with successive cuts, working from the center outward. You can use either the gouge or a round-nose scraper at this stage. With the gouge, a smooth spooning motion clears out the waste effectively. When you reach a wall thickness of 1/4", set the gouge or scraper aside, and grab your 1/2" skew.

"I've found that a 1/2" skew works great for shaping the inside of a goblet," Steve says. Now, taking a skew to an inside wall sounds like the first act in a turning tragedy. But watching Steve smoothly shape the wall made it apparent that he was on to something.

Steve's technique is simple. He lays the skew flat on the tool rest, parallel to the goblet's side, with the long point toward the goblet wall, shown in the illustration above and the photo below left. Then, he just guides the skew along the inside wall, following the outside shape. Steve cuts only as far as the start of the bottom curve inside the bowl.

Using the skew this way, you can achieve a smooth, thin wall relatively easily. Take light cuts for the best finish. A wall thickness between 1/16" and 1/8" looks nice for goblets of the size shown.

Once you have shaped the sidewall, take up the scraper again to complete the bottom of the bowl. To blend the bottom and sidewall together, make a few sweeping, continuous scraper cuts from the bottom on up the side to the rim. If the tool catches, tilt it slightly—20º or so should work.

Sand and finish the bowl before completing the goblet. Steve finishes his goblets with a homemade mixture similar to padding lacquer—equal parts of shellac, boiled linseed oil, and denatured alcohol. He dampens a folded paper towel with the mixture, then with the lathe running, applies it to the turning. (Dispose of the wet paper towels in a lidded metal container to reduce the risk of spontaneous combustion.)

Make it stand on its own

Now, turn the stem and foot. Following the template, shape the stem. Blend it into the top surface of the foot with a smooth, continuous curve. Form a smooth curve on the bottom of the bowl, too. A small spindle gouge or a skew will work fine for this operation.

As you reduce the stem's diameter, the thin turning may chatter and vibrate—particularly if you're working on a long-stem goblet. To combat this, grasp the tool close to the cutting end with one hand, and place the other hand behind the workpiece to steady it. Hold the blade against the tool rest with the thumb of the hand that's behind the work, as shown left.

Sand and finish the stem, foot, and the bottom of the bowl. Allow about 1/8" thickness at the foot's rim, then part off the goblet. You can use your 1/2" skew here, too, for a smooth cut on the bottom. Angle the tool to form a slightly concave base so the goblet won't rock when you set it down.

Sand and finish the base. Then, sign and date the completed goblet on the bottom.

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Project Design: Steve Dejong
Photograph: John Heiberlinton
Illustration: Kim Downing; Roxanne LeMoine

Lay the skew flat on the tool rest, and cut with just the point on the long side when shaping the inside bowl wall. Go only as far as the curve at the bottom of the bowl.

Support the goblet with your hand as you turn the thin stem. This will help dampen vibrations and lessen chatter.
No “ruff” ing it in this pampered Pooch Palace

Smart year-round housing for man’s best friend

“Design a doghouse? Sure, nothing to it!” At least that’s what I thought before studying the material that the American Kennel Club sent on canine housing. It quickly became apparent that this was going to be a challenge. But I think I’ve risen to the occasion by working in features (listed below) that guarantee plenty of “creature comforts” for your pet for years to come. Check these out:

• Insulated walls, floor, and roof for greater comfort in every season.
• A removable partition to minimize heat loss in winter.
• A door opening in the partition situated 90° from the entry door to avoid icy winter drafts.
• An extra-long roof to shade the front deck and protect the entry from rain and snow.

Here’s hoping everything meets with your approval.

Jan Halsey
Assistant Design Editor

P.S. I designed our doghouse for a medium-sized dog. To determine the size of house your pet will need, follow these rules of thumb: (1) Make the house 1 1/2 times the length of your dog; (2) the width of the shelter should be 2/3 the length of your dog; and (3) the height should measure 1 1/2 times your dog’s height measured from the ground to the top of its/her head.

Start with the deck and insulated panels
1 Cut the runners (A) and deck boards (B) to size from 2 x 4 cedar, or redwood. Using the Parts View on the WOOD PATTERNS™ insert in the center of the magazine for reference, chamfer each end of each runner.
2 Rip and crosscut the floor panel top and bottom (C) to size from 1/4” exterior plywood.

Note: The Bill of Materials does not contain the numerous framing pieces needed to construct the plywood panels for this project. See the Parts View drawing for the layout of the framing on the various panels. To form the framing, we ripped three 1 x 1 1/2” strips from each of five 8’-long 2 x 4s.

Continued
Bill of Materials

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<tr>
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<td>1½&quot; 17½&quot; 29½&quot;</td>
<td>RF 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SIDES</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E outside panels</td>
<td>½&quot; 31½&quot; 29½&quot;</td>
<td>EP 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 inside panels</td>
<td>½&quot; 27½&quot; 27½&quot;</td>
<td>EP 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 insulation</td>
<td>1½&quot; 24½&quot; 24½&quot;</td>
<td>RF 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PARTITION</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F panels</td>
<td>½&quot; 32&quot; 27½&quot;</td>
<td>EP 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F1 insulation</td>
<td>1½&quot; 24½&quot; 29&quot;</td>
<td>RF 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ROOF</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G top &amp; btm. panels</td>
<td>½&quot; 46&quot; 23½&quot;</td>
<td>EP 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G1 insulation</td>
<td>1½&quot; 20½&quot; 45&quot;</td>
<td>RF 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H gussets</td>
<td>½&quot; 5½&quot; 33½&quot;</td>
<td>C 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I fascia</td>
<td>½&quot; 2¼&quot; 48&quot;</td>
<td>C 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J fascia</td>
<td>½&quot; 2¼&quot; 24½&quot;</td>
<td>C 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K ridge cap</td>
<td>½&quot; 4½&quot; 50½&quot;</td>
<td>C 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOOR TRIM</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L top &amp; bottom</td>
<td>½&quot; 2&quot; 15&quot;</td>
<td>C 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M sides</td>
<td>½&quot; 2&quot; 20½&quot;</td>
<td>C 4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Materials Key: C-cedar, EP-exterior plywood, RF-1" thick rigid foamboard.

Supplies: 1¼" and 3½" galvanized deck screws; #4 galvanized box nails; #6 galvanized finish nails; construction adhesive; 30-lb. roofing felt; one bundle of 16" cedar shingles; indoor/outdoor carpet; exterior stain or primer and paint.

For dimensioned drawings of the runners, panels, and gussets, see the Parts View drawing on the WOOD PATTERNS insert in the center of the magazine.
3 Crosscut the floor-panel framing pieces to length. With the outside edges flush, glue and nail the 1x1½" framing pieces to one of the ½" plywood panels (C). Now, fit the 1"-thick rigid foamboard insulation (G1) between the framing strips, and glue and nail the other plywood panel (C) in place. Immediately clamp the entire assembly flat until the glue dries. See the Side Panel drawing above for reference. (Much of our ½" plywood was warped. To avoid warped panels, we added the 1x1½" framing to one piece of plywood. Then, we fitted the insulation in place. Finally, we glued and nailed the remaining piece of plywood in place, and immediately clamped the entire assembly flat on our workbench until the glue dried.)

4 Using the Exploded View and Side Section View drawings for reference, screw (don’t glue) the assembled floor panel and deck boards (B) to the runners (A).

5 Using the same procedure described for the floor panel, construct the insulated front and back (D), sides (E), and partition (F). Note that the front and partition panels each have an opening and that the inside plywood panels for the sides, front, and back are sized slightly smaller than the outside panels used for these parts.

6 Drill countersunk screw mounting holes, and screw the side panels and then the back panel to the floor panel and to each other. Note that the front edge of the side panels protrude ½" beyond the front edge of the floor panel. So the trim strips will hide them later, keep the screws within 1¼" of the outside edge of each panel. As shown in the photo above, a scrap strip nailed to the side panels helps hold them upright and flush when assembling the unit.

7 Next, remove the rear deck board to gain access to the bottom edge of the front panel, and screw the front panel in place. Reattach the deck board.

Now, for an insulated roof to keep the rain out

1 Start by studying the Roof and the Roof Front View drawings to learn how to construct the roof. Then, assemble the two roof panels (G, G1) as you did the other panels, keeping the nails along the edge that will be bevel-ripped at least 1" from that edge.

2 Tilt your portable circular saw to 15° from vertical. Clamp a straightedge to one panel, and bevel-rip the top inside edge of each roof panel.

3 Cut the two cedar gussets (H) to the shape shown on the WOOD PATTERNS™ insert. Turn one roof panel bottom side up, align the gussets where shown on the Roof and Side Section View drawings, and glue and temporarily toenail the gussets in place. Note that the gussets fit inside the front and back panels.

4 Turn the panel/gussets assembly over, and apply construction adhesive along the mating bevel-ripped joints of both roof panels. Next, position the second roof panel tightly against the first, and screw through the top of both roof panels to secure the gussets.

5 Cut the fascia (I, J) to size from ¾" cedar. Using construction adhesive and #6 nails, adhere the fascia pieces to the roof, keeping the top edge of the fascia flush with the top edge of the roof.

6 Refer to the Roof Front View for where to apply the 30-lb. roofing felt. Then, staple it to the roof, trimming it flush with the outside edges of the roof.
7 Trim 4½" off the thick end of enough 16" cedar shingles to do the starter course along both bottom edges of the roof where shown on the Roof Front View drawing at right. Nail the starter course to the roof. Now, nail the remaining courses, making sure to space the shingles ¼" apart, stagger from one course to the next, and allow for a 4½" exposure. The overhang of the shingles should be ½" on all edges.

8 Cut a piece of builder's felt to 8½x50½", and center it on top of the roof. Now, cut the ridge cap pieces (K) to size, bevel-ripping the inside edge of each at 11°. Nail the pieces in place, running a bead of construction adhesive along the mating beveled edges.

Add the door trim and partition supports
1 Cut the door trim pieces (L, M) to size, and nail them in place.
2 To support the partition vertically when in use in the winter, cut the interior cleats to the sizes shown on the Front Section View and Exploded View drawings, and screw them in place.
3 Cut 90' of ¼x1¼" strips for the corner and decorative trim. (We planed cedar 2x4s to ½" thick, positioned the tablesaw fence ¼" from the blade, and ripped as many strips as possible from each 2x4.) Measure the lengths of pieces needed, cut to length, and nail the corner trim to the doghouse where shown on the Exploded View drawing. Then, miter-cut the angled decorative trim to length and attach it.
4 Stain or paint the exterior of the doghouse where shown on the opening photo. (We used Thompson's arbor green Wood Protector Colorfast Stain.) Don't forget to seal the bottom of the bottom panel (C). It's not necessary to paint the inside of the doghouse or the partition.
5 Add indoor/outdoor carpet to the doghouse interior floor.
Plastic laminates have long been a popular choice for surfacing applications throughout the home...with good reason. They're attractive, durable, and sensibly priced. Here's how to successfully apply this material.

What to know about buying plastic laminates

Although many people refer to plastic laminates by the popular brand name of Formica, today you can choose from several other brands including Wilsonart, Nevamar, Micarta, and Pionite. Typically, you can purchase plastic laminates from a lumber outlet, but you may have to pick up the material from a local distribution center. Your dealer will have hundreds of samples to choose from, and in this article you'll see just some of the many possibilities. Keep these points in mind as you pick out a laminate:

- **Get the grade to match the surface.** In most colors and patterns, you choose general-purpose laminates in either horizontal or vertical grades. As its name implies, a horizontal-grade laminate works best on countertops, tabletops, and other surfaces likely to be exposed to wear and abuse. Horizontal-grade laminates are about $\frac{3}{16}$" thick, about twice as thick as less-expensive vertical-grade laminates intended for surfaces such as cabinet doors, walls, and furniture sides.

- **The solid-core option.** If you would like to avoid the tell-tale black line that appears just under the surface of typical laminates, you can choose plastics that feature a solid color throughout. However, these materials cost more, and you'll find them in a limited variety of colors.

- **Finishes to dazzle and delight.** About 90 percent of plastic laminates sold today have a matte finish, and you'll find the greatest number of colors and patterns available with this finish. But as shown in the lower left corner, you can select from other finishes such as "leather" and "meteore" (from Formica). Our local distributor tells us that Formica's "sparkle" finish is becoming more popular because its small-pebble surface helps hide scratches under the bright lights found in modern kitchens. Other manufacturers have similar finishes.

- **A size for all.** Plastic laminates typically come in factory widths of 30", 36", 48", and 60", and in 8', 10', and 12' lengths. Your distributor may cut these sheets into other widths and lengths as well. Dealers also sell edge strips 1½" wide and 12' long.

- **The price is right.** Expect to pay $1.25-$2 per square foot for standard colors and patterns. Balance sheet, (the brown laminate with no decorative face that goes on the underside of laminated substrates), costs about half that. Solid-core and metallic laminates range up to $7 per square foot.
Smooth surfaces start with well-prepared substrates

Just as a sturdy building sits on a solid foundation, your plastic-laminated projects need a solid under-lying surface (known as a substrate) for good looks that last. Particleboard makes an ideal substrate for most projects because it’s flat, solid, inexpensive, and has an expansion rate similar to plastic laminates. For the how-to photos on the following pages we used a high-quality fir plywood only because we wanted the table to be stronger and lighter than particleboard construction would have made it. For countertops with sink cutouts we suggest you use an exterior-grade medium-density fiberboard (MDF). This material will not readily deteriorate if water creeps through a joint line.

Whatever material you choose, the substrate must be flat, smooth, free of voids, and clean, with crisp, square edges.

Otherwise, the plastic may look bumpy, may separate from the surface, or may fracture when struck by an object.

To avoid these unpleasant surprises, follow these tips when preparing the substrate:
• Use No. 8 flathead screws to join ¾”-thick particleboard or plywood workpieces at right angles, and be sure to pre-drill the screw holes to prevent the substrate from bulging. Drive the screwheads flush or slightly lower than surrounding surfaces. It’s also a good idea to fill the screw holes with putty and sand them flush if you plan to cover the surface with a vertical-grade laminate.
• Cut your substrate pieces slightly oversized, and trim them flush with adjoining surfaces as shown in the photo left. Never use a power sander to trim edges—despite your best efforts you’ll probably wind up with wavy surfaces and rounded-over edges.
• With a hardwood block and 80- or 100-grit abrasive, lightly sand all surfaces just enough to knock off any rough spots. Finally, run your hand over the surface to feel for high spots, and thoroughly vacuum away all debris.

Tips for successfully cutting the laminate to size

To allow for trimming later, cut all of your laminate pieces at least 1” longer and wider than their mating substrate surfaces. When covering a large surface such as a tabletop, you may want to allow for even more trimming material, especially with your first attempts at laminating.

If you have a tablesaw and a carbide-tipped blade with at least 60 teeth (in a 10” size), we recommend that you cut your laminates to size as shown right. You’ll get fast, clean cuts this way. Note in the photo that we positioned the laminate good face up, and drilled a hole at the intersection of two cuts forming an inside corner.

This prevents stress cracks that can spread out from a non-radius inside corner.

You also can get chip-free cuts by running a router with a straight bit, or by cutting with a laminate scoring knife, along a clamped straightedge. With the scoring knife, make enough passes to cut completely through the colored portion of the laminate before lifting it up to snap it. With solid-color laminates, score to a depth of at least one-third of the way through the material.

To prevent laminates from slipping beneath your tablesaw’s fence, cut a piece of ¼”-thick plywood so it lies flat on the table and surrounds the fence.

Continued
Here comes the fun part: applying the laminate

Now, plan the sequence in which you apply the laminate pieces so as to minimize the appearance of dark joint lines where the laminate meets. Generally, this means you should apply and trim the less-visible pieces of laminate first, then repeat this procedure for the more-visible pieces. Done this way, the more-visible pieces will overlap the edges of the less-visible pieces as shown below.

As an example, with the Parsons table shown in this article, we adhered balance sheet to the underside of the tabletop first (to stabilize the substrate by preventing uneven moisture absorption), then applied laminate to the back sides of the legs. We trimmed these pieces, and then moved on to the outsides of the legs, and finally, the top. With countertops and tabletops, always adhere and trim the edges before the tops.

Next, apply a uniform layer of contact adhesive to the back side of the laminate with a short-nap roller as shown below. Set this aside, and apply the adhesive to the mating substrate surface (particleboard edges require two coats). Cover the roller and pan to keep them from drying out.

Now, test applied adhesive for dryness by touching it with the back of your fingers (the front of your fingers may have oils or other contamines). When the

To conveniently apply adhesive with a short-nap roller to a piece of laminate, place the laminate face down on its mating substrate.

Use 1/4"-diameter dowels to separate large pieces of laminate and mating substrates as you position the laminate for application.
adhesive is no longer tacky, lay the laminate on its mating surface. Be extremely careful to leave yourself trim material on all edges. It's difficult and messy to separate the two materials with a solvent (such as lacquer thinner) once the adhesive makes contact, so don't rush this step.

Large tabletops and countertops can be especially tricky to align correctly, so place dowels on the substrate as shown left bottom. Lay the laminate on top of the dowels, align the laminate, and work out from the center as you withdraw the dowels and press down the laminate by hand. Old venetian-blind slats also work well in place of the dowels.

Firmly adhere the laminate with a hard-rubber hand roller. Be careful not to roll too far over the edge of the substrate and break the laminate as shown below. The break may extend over the substrate, and you'll have to remove the laminate. What a hassle!

Pick your bit: It's time for a trim job
After applying a piece of laminate, you need to trim it flush with the substrate. For this task we use a flush-trimming router bit with a ball-bearing pilot as shown right.

To trim laminates, you can choose among router bits with or without ball-bearing pilots. The photo below shows both varieties for flush and bevel trimming. We prefer the bits with bearings. Why? The solid-carbide bits have pilots that spin at the same speed as the cutting edge, so they invariably leave a faint trail on the laminate. We've tried all of the tricks for avoiding this, such as applying paraffin wax or masking tape to the laminate, but only with limited success. To us, the advantages of the bits with ball-bearing pilots more than make up for their added expense and hav-

When trimming with a straight bit, set its depth so its pilot does not go into any slight indentations from countersunk screws.

Oops! If you accidentally go over the substrate edge with your hard-rubber hand roller, you may break the hard, but brittle, laminate.

Bevel-trimming and flush-trimming bits come with or without ball-bearing pilots. Ball-bearing types are less likely to mar your plastic laminates.
ing to occasionally clean dried adhesive from the ball bearing.

**Note:** Router-bit bearings may stop turning if dried adhesive builds up on them. To prevent this, spray your router bits lightly with WD-40 or a similar lubricant before you start. If the buildup occurs anyway, stop what you're doing and scrape off the glue with a scrap of laminate. If you need to use solvent to loosen the adhesive, remember to add a drop of lubricant to the bearing before restarting.

Next, with a laminate file (available from plastic-laminate distributors), smooth the edge of the laminate flush as shown below right. (A mill bastard file works in a pinch, but will clog faster.) Be careful to apply pressure only when you're pushing the file away from you while drawing it along the edge. Lift the file up as you pull it back so you don't chip the laminate edge.

With your first pieces of laminate applied, you next move on to laminating adjoining surfaces. The edges of these next pieces will overlap the edges of the already-applied laminate, so you need to bevel-trim these edges for best appearances. To do this, use a piloted router bit that cuts a 10°-25° bevel. Practice this procedure on a scrap of laminated substrate as shown above right.

Finally, lightly smooth the beveled edge with a laminate file or sanding block with 150-grit abrasive. Go gently so you don't mar the laminated surface.
How to give your edges the royal treatment

To add a polished look to your tabletop or countertop projects, try one of the basic edge treatments shown right. (Note that the bottom edge in the photo is constructed the same as the second-from-top edge. We made these to show you the difference in appearance between general-purpose and solid-color laminates.)

No matter which edge you choose, you should start the assembly process by doubling the thickness of the top along its edge. To do this, glue and clamp a 2"-wide strip of the substrate material onto the bottom side of the top, with the strip protruding about \( \frac{1}{8} \)" from the edge of the top. After the glue dries, trim the strip flush with the top.

To make the chamfered edge (sample B), glue a strip of hardwood onto the doubled edge support and trim it flush with the top and bottom of the doubled edge. Apply and trim the balance sheet. Next, adhere laminate to the top and edge.

Then, rout the edge with a chamfer bit to expose the hardwood feature strip. To avoid chipping the laminate, make at least four light, "climb-cutting" passes. This means running the router from right to left, the opposite direction of how you typically feed a router. This works safely and controllably so long as you remove no more than \( \frac{1}{2} \)" of material with each pass.

To make a hardwood edge (C), apply the top laminate and balance sheet, and trim these flush with the doubled edge. Rip a hardwood edge that's exactly as wide as the height of the edge (with applied laminate and balance sheet). With a slotting cutter, rout a groove into the hardwood edge and top. Join the edge and top with glue and a spline. The spline aligns the edge, so you shouldn't have to trim it (which could mar the top laminate). 

Written by Bill Krier with Chuck Hedlund  Illustrations: Kim Downing  Photographs: Hopkins Associates
CUTTING-EDGE
COMPUTER

We designed our stylish walnut desk with adaptability in mind. If you have a computer or are thinking of getting one, we've built in the necessary features to accommodate electronic equipment. You say computers aren't your thing? Simply eliminate the printer bin and add three drawers to the right-hand base identical to those in the opposite base. Either way, this is a desk you'll be proud to sit behind. And don't worry about this project being too difficult for you. Just build one section at a time, and before long you'll have it made.

Note: Before beginning construction, verify that your printer will fit in the printer bin in the right-hand base unit. Our printer-bin opening measures 13 1/2" deep, 17 3/4" wide, and 7 1/4" high, and will fit most laser printers. Older printers are larger and may not fit. Adjust the bin and base size accordingly, if needed. Also, see the WOOD PATTERNSTM insert in the center of the magazine for the Front View drawing.

Start with the two plywood base units

1. From ¼" plywood (we used walnut), cut the four base sides (A) and two backs (B) to the sizes listed in the Bill of Materials.
2. Rip and crosscut the base corner strips (C) to size from ¼"-thick solid stock. For a good fit against the plywood, the solid stock used for the corner strips must be the same exact thickness as the plywood; plane before ripping and crosscutting, if necessary.

Bill of Materials

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part</th>
<th>Finished Size</th>
<th>Mill. Qty.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BASE UNIT</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>A sides</td>
<td>4&quot; x 20 1/4&quot;</td>
<td>24 1/4&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B backs</td>
<td>4&quot; x 14 1/4&quot;</td>
<td>24 1/4&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C corners</td>
<td>4&quot; x 4&quot;</td>
<td>24 1/4&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D cleats</td>
<td>4&quot; x 2&quot;</td>
<td>14 1/2&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E trim</td>
<td>4&quot; x 1 1/4&quot;</td>
<td>17 1/4&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F trim</td>
<td>4&quot; x 1 1/4&quot;</td>
<td>23 1/4&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G subbase</td>
<td>4&quot; x 3 1/4&quot;</td>
<td>16 1/4&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H subbase</td>
<td>4&quot; x 3 1/4&quot;</td>
<td>22 1/4&quot;</td>
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BACK PANEL AND STRETCHERS

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Part</th>
<th>Finished Size</th>
<th>Mill. Qty.</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I back panel</td>
<td>4&quot; x 24 1/4&quot;</td>
<td>21 1/4&quot; WP 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J band</td>
<td>4&quot; x 4&quot;</td>
<td>24 1/4&quot; W 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K stretchers</td>
<td>4&quot; x 2 1/4&quot;</td>
<td>24 1/4&quot; W 4</td>
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</table>

TOP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part</th>
<th>Finished Size</th>
<th>Mill. Qty.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>L* subrate</td>
<td>4&quot; x 20&quot;</td>
<td>54&quot; PB 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M* front &amp; back trim</td>
<td>1 1/4&quot; x 3&quot;</td>
<td>60&quot; LW 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N* side trim</td>
<td>1 1/4&quot; x 3&quot;</td>
<td>26&quot; LW 2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Initially cut parts marked with an asterisk. Then, trim to finished size according to the following instructions. Also, length is always measured with the grain.


Supplies: ¼" stock for splices; #8 x 1 1/4"; #8 x 1 1/2"; #8 x 2"; flathead wood screws; #6 x 1/2" pocket-hole screws; plastic laminate; balance sheet; contact adhesive; clear finish; and items listed in the Buying Guide below.

Buying Guide

Desk hardware kit. One pair of 12" full-extension drawer slides (#AS2712) for the keyboard drawer; two pairs of 20" full-extension drawer slides (#AS2720) for the top two drawers in the left-hand base; two pair of 20" full-extension drawer slides (#AS4020), one for the file cabinet drawer and one for the printer bin; six solid-brass bail pulls (#BH35), two 1" contemporary brass knobs (#KH58), anique brass finish 24" piano (continuous) hinge (#KH248), two 3/4" ball catches (#4531A), cord-access hole cover, magnetic catch and strike plate, paper grommet (#HAF158), plastic cable grommet (#HAF128), Constantines, 2050 Eastchester Road, Bronx, NY 10461, or call 1-800/222-9907 to order.

Router bits. 2 1/4" (large-diameter) classical types bit (#0563) $37, 1 1/4" (large-diameter) classical bit (#1792), $25, 1 1/2" round-over (#352), $14, 1 1/8" heading bit (#452), $14, and flush trim bit (#4500) $7. MLGS, P.O. Box 4053, Redfield, PA 19946. Call 1-800/653-9293 to order.
Traditional styling, high-tech features—this project has it all!

2¾" cord-access hole

Access cover

2¾" cord-access hole

Access cover

12" low-profile full-extension drawer slide

3½" bullet catch strike (2 required)

#4 x 1½" F.H. brass wood screw

2" hole centered under 2½" hole in L

Magnetic catch (centered)

3½" bullet catch

#8 x 2" F.H. wood screw

#8 x 2¾" F.H. wood screw

#8 x 2" F.H. wood screw

5⅜" hole, countersunk on bottom side

20" full-extension low-profile drawer slides

20" heavy-duty full-extension drawer slides

20" heavy-duty full-extension drawer slides

Note: Center top on base.

EXPLODED VIEW
5 With the edges and ends flush, glue, spline, and clamp two corner strips (C) to each side panel (A). Immediately wipe off excess glue with a damp cloth. Later, remove the clamps. Being careful not to sand through the thin veneer, sand the corner strips flush with the inside and outside faces of the plywood.

6 Bore a 2½" cord-access hole through the panel that will be used as the inside panel on the right-hand base unit where shown on the Base Unit drawing.

7 Cut six cleats (D) to size. You’ll use the two extra as spacers when assembling the bases. With a pocket-hole jig (see our review of these in the January 1995 issue), drill a pair of angled mounting holes through both ends of each top cleat (D).

8 Glue and clamp the back panels (B) and cleats (D) between the side assemblies A/C. Check for square. Use the extra cleat as a temporary spacer to hold the front bottom ends of the base apart until the glue dries. The position of the temporary spacer is shown on the Base Unit drawing. Drive the screws to secure the cleats in place.

9 Using a ¼" heading bit, rout a bead like that shown on the Corner detail along the outside edge of the four corners of each base unit.

**Now, add the subbases to the base units**

1 Cut 16' of ¾" walnut to 1½" wide for the trim strips (E, F).

2 Using the Screw detail accompanying the Base Unit drawing for reference, use the two bits shown to rout one edge of each linear strip to the profile shown. Set the strips aside for now.

3 Cut subbase parts (G, H) to size, mitering the ends. Using the Subbase Spline detail for reference, spline the mitered ends. Glue and spline the subbases together, checking for square.

4 Miter-cut the trim strips (E, F) to length from the linear routed...
Use 6”-long bits to drill the angled mounting holes through the subbase trim and into the bottom of the base.

The back panel and stretchers come next

1 Cut the back panel (I), bottom band (J), and four stretchers (K) to size.
2 Using the same method used earlier, glue, spline, and clamp the bottom band to the bottom edge of the back panel.
3 Turn both base units upside down on a flat work surface. Position and clamp parts I, J, and K between the base units, and screw (no glue) the pieces in place where shown on the Section View and Exploded View drawings. Use four screws per side to connect each base unit to the back panel (I). The top two Ks function as stretchers, whereas the bottom two form a ced tray for keeping computer cords up and out of the way.

Let’s construct the walnut-trimmed laminate desktop

Note: See plastic-laminates article on page 56 for specifics on working with this material.
1 Cut two pieces of ¾” particleboard (L), one piece of plastic laminate (we used Formica, hunter green, #967), and one piece of balance sheet to 21”x55”.
2 Using contact adhesive, adhere the two pieces of particleboard face-to-face with the edges and ends flush. Trim the laminated particleboard to 20”x54”, keeping all the corners square.
3 Using contact adhesive, adhere the balance sheet to the bottom side of the laminated top. Using a flush trim bit, rout the edges of the balance sheet flush with the edges of the particleboard. Flip the top over, adhere the plastic laminate, and rout its edges flush.
4 To form the cord-access hole, use a Forstner bit and drill a 2½” hole in the desktop where shown on the Desktop drawing.
5 Use 1¾” stock (called eight quarter) planed to 1½” thick, or laminate thinner stock, to form the desktop front and back trim pieces (M) and ends (N). Crosscut the stock to 2” longer than listed in the Bill of Materials. Rip and then joint the stock to width.
6 Rout a ¼” slot ½” deep ½” from the top edge along the edge of the laminated particleboard top (L) and along the inside edge of the four trim pieces M and N. See the Desktop drawing and accompanying detail for reference.
7 As shown in the detail, rout the outside edge of the four desktop trim pieces. To do this, start with the 2½” classical ogee bit and make three passes, deepening the cut with each pass to prevent chip-out. Then, rout the bottom edge with the 1½” classical bit. (See the Buying Guide for our source of bits.)
8 Rout a slight chamfer along the top outside edge of the laminated top (L) and along the top inside edge of the trim pieces (M, N).
9 Miter-cut the trim pieces to length. Cut the splines, and dry-fit the pieces to ensure a good fit. Glue, spline, and clamp the trim pieces to the laminate top. (We used clamping pads between the clamp jaws and the edges to avoid damaging the routed profile.)

For plenty of storage, let’s add the drawers

1 From ½”-thick walnut, cut the drawer fronts and backs (O, P, Q) and sides (R, S, T) to the sizes listed in the Bill of Materials. Next, from ½” plywood, cut the drawer bottoms (U) to size.
2 Cut or rout ¼" grooves ¼" deep and ¼" from the bottom edge of the ½"-thick fronts, backs, and sides. Next, machine ½" rabbets ½" deep on the inside surfaces of the drawer sides where shown on the Drawer drawing.

3 For attaching the false fronts (V, W, X) later, drill four mounting holes through each front (O, P, Q).

4 Glue and clamp the three drawers together, checking for square.

5 Cut the false fronts (V, W, X) to size from ¾" walnut plywood. If you experience tear-out when cutting the plywood, make sure the tear-out is on the face side where it will be hidden by the trim later. Note the grain direction on the Exploded View drawing.

6 Ripping from the edge of ¾" solid stock, cut 50' of 1/4"×3/4" strips for banding (Y-BB). Now, using the Drawer drawing for reference, band the edges of each plywood false front. You'll use the remaining strips when banding the printer bin and keyboard drawer front later. Sand the banding flush with the front and back surfaces of the false fronts.

7 Following the steps on the Drawer Trim detail, rout and rip 26' of trim from the edge of 1½" stock for trim pieces (CC-FF). Miter-cut two sets of the trim to length, and glue and clamp one set to the front face of the false drawer fronts. Set the other trim set and remaining trim stock aside; you'll add them later to the front of the printer bin and keyboard drawer.

8 In addition to the instructions included with the drawer slides, see the article on page 93 for our method. After reviewing this information, install the drawers. As noted in the Buying Guide, we used heavier-duty slides on the bottom left-hand drawer and on the printer bin than on the two upper left-hand drawers.

9 Add the false fronts (V, W, X). (We left ⅛" gaps between the drawers. See the Front View on the pattern insert for reference.)

Hide your printer with this pull-out printer bin

1 Cut the plywood panels (GG, HH) and shelves (H) to size. Drill the 2¾" cord access hole in GG.

2 Using the 1/4×3/4" banding strips cut earlier, cut pieces (JJ-MM) to length. Band the plywood panels where shown on the Printer Bin drawing. The bottom edges of the front and back plywood panels (GG) are not banded.

Continued
3 Cut the shelf supports (NN, OO) to size.
4 Cut 3/4" dadoes 3/8" deep across the inside surface of the front and back panels (GG) where dimensioned on the Printer Bin drawing above. Glue and screw the plywood panels (GG, II) and shelf supports (NN, OO) together, checking for square.
5 Miter-cut to length the second set of trim pieces you cut earlier when building the false drawer fronts. Glue and clamp these pieces (CC–FF) to the front of the printer front panel (HH).
6 Attach the drawer slides to the lower shelf supports (NN). Then, attach the mating pieces of hardware to the inside of the right-hand base unit where shown on the Front View drawing on the pattern insert. See the Exploded View drawing for reference.
7 Drill countersunk mounting holes, and screw the false front (HH) to the front of the front panel (GG). Center HH in the opening, side to side and 3/8" from the bottom edge.

Next, let's construct the pull-out keyboard drawer
1 Construct false front (PP–TT) like you did the other false drawer fronts. See the Keyboard Drawer Front drawing for reference.
2 To build the keyboard drawer, cut the sides (UU), bottom (VV), and front (WW) to the sizes listed in the Bill of Materials. Mark and cut the tapered top front edge of the drawer sides to shape.
3 Cut or rout a 3/8" groove 3/8" deep 3/8" from the bottom edge on the inside face of each drawer side where shown on the Keyboard Drawer drawing.

4 Glue and clamp the walnut front piece (WW) to the front edge of the plywood drawer bottom (VV). Later, drill a pair of 3/4" holes (finger pulls) near the ends of the front piece where shown on the drawing.
5 Cut or rout a 3/8" rabbet 3/8" deep along both edges of the keyboard drawer bottom (VV, WW). Glue and clamp the drawer bottom between the sides (UU).
6 Attach the drawer slides to the drawer and then to the base sides where shown on the Section View and Front View drawings.

Time to install the keyboard drawer
1 Using just three screws, secure a 24" piece of 1 1/4" continuous hinge to the back bottom edge of the keyboard false drawer front (PP). Use three screws to secure the other leaf to the top surface of
the front stretcher (K) where shown on the Section View drawings. Using a minimal number of screws allows you to test-fit the hinge first. Now, drill the holes and drive the rest of the screws.

2 Drill a pair of holes in the front stretcher (K) to fit your 3/8" bullet catches. Mount the mating bullet-catch strikes on the bottom surface of the keyboard drawer.

Add the finish before adding the computer

1 Drill the holes for the pulls on the front of the drawers and printer bin front where located on the Front View drawing. Remove the pulls, and finish-sand all the parts.

2 For the finish, we used Minwax Walnut Antique Oil followed by two coats of Minwax Special (for dark woods) Finishing Wax.

3 Center the desktop on the base assembly and screw it in place. Reattach the pulls to the drawers and slide them in place. To hold the keyboard drawer shut, add a magnetic catch and strike plate where shown on the Section View drawing above. Attach the hardware and install the drawers. Install the cord-access cover and paper grommet.

Written by Marlen Remmet  Design: Jim Downing  Illustrations: Roxie DeMoine, Kim Downing  Photography: King Au
Nerves all tied in knots at the end of a hectic day? Here’s a great way to unwind: Carve this twisted and twined pendant. It’s one tangle you’ll love working through.

We first spotted Lawrence Oliver’s fascinating wood sculptures at a Kansas City carving show. His carvings—he calls them Tanglewood—looked as if someone had tied pieces of wood into fantastic knots.

The Mansfield, Missouri, artist, a full-time wood sculptor since 1980, showed us how he makes one of his most popular items, the Tanglewood Fireball pendant. Follow along now, and we’ll show you how to make one yourself.

**Project prep**

**Stock**

\[\frac{1}{2} \times 2 \frac{1}{4} \times 2 \frac{1}{4}\]" hardwood suitable for carving. (The photo at left shows a cherry pendant; the how-to photos, walnut.)

**Power-carving equipment**

Rotary hand tool or flexible-shaft machine. The bits we used are shown below.

**Gouges**

- \(\frac{1}{4}\)" no. 1 skew
- \(\frac{3}{16}\)" no. 5

**Knife**

Bench knife

**Other tools**

Scrollsaw or coping saw
Dovetail saw or coping saw
Sanding Stick

We roughed out the pendant with the five bits and small sanding drum shown. Any similar bits would work.
First, cut out the blank
Cut a ½ x 2¼ x 2½" blank for the pendant. Photocopy the Front pattern, opposite page, and adhere it to one side of the blank, using rubber cement or spray adhesive.

Next, cut out the shaded inside areas. You can do this easily with a scrollsaw or coping saw. Just drill the four ½" blade start holes where shown. Then, insert the blade through the hole in the center area, and cut out the small triangular piece. (We used a scrollsaw fitted with a no. 4 blade, .035 x .015" with 16 teeth per inch.) Make the other three interior cuts, then saw around the outside pattern line. Photo 1 below shows the completed blank.

Draw a centerline around the edge of the blank. Here's an easy way to do it: Measure and mark a midpoint on the edge. Then, place your pencil tip on the marked point and, with your fingertip guiding along the back surface of the blank, draw a line around the edge, as shown in Photo 3 below.

Stop-cut the crossing lines on both sides. (A stop cut, an incision along a pattern line, allows you to carve up to that line without tearing out the wood beyond it.) Stop-cut with a knife or, as shown in Photo 4, a gouge with a curvature—or sweep—that matches the pattern line.

1. Cut out the blank with a scrollsaw or coping saw. We'll refer to the patterned side as the front of the pendant.

With the pattern still attached to the front, turn the sawn blank over. Referring to the Back pattern, draw the crossovers (the red pattern lines) onto the blank, as shown in Photo 2. To do this with minimum confusion, lay the cut-out blank beside the pattern, orienting it with the pattern. (Incidentally, you don't need to worry about which point you place at the top; the lines will be correct regardless of the blank's position.) Then, working around the pattern, draw the lines on the blank. Note that they are opposite to the crossing lines on the front.

2. Turn the blank over, then draw the crossover lines on it where shown on the Back pattern. It doesn't matter which loop points to the top—the lines will come out right.

3. Your finger makes a great guide for drawing the centerline on the blank.

4. Keep the gouge perpendicular to the surface when stop-cutting.
Rough out the fireball

Begin carving the pendant by roughing out the three center crossovers on each side. Start from any point where a strand crosses over another in the center knot. (The tails of the arrows on the pattern show the crossover points.) From that point, carve in the direction of the arrow toward the stop-cut line on the inside of the next strand, cutting deeper as you approach the end of the cut, as shown in Photo 5. This is the point at which the strand will pass under another strand.

5. Slope the strands down to ¼" below the original blank surface as you carve the center crossovers.

Maintain the original surface height at the crossover (starting) point. Continue stop-cutting and carving until you’ve cut about ¼" deep at the end of the cut. Similarly carve the other strands on both sides. Power-carving rotary cutters would work here, but we found this initial carving just as easy to do with a ⅜" no. 5 palm gouge and a ⅛" no. 1 skew.

Next, shape the outside loops. For a guideline, draw a pencil line on the outside of each loop, as shown in Photo 6 above right. Run the line diagonally from the centerline at the tip, around the outer curve, to the back edge. The line should meet the back edge about ¼" before the intersection of the strands, where indicated by the pencil point in the photo. The actual location is not critical, but do keep the points consistent among the three loops.

Carve to the line on each of the three loops. A ruby carver or small drum sander chopped in a rotary power-carving tool will do the trick. Or, you can saw away the waste along the guidelines with a coping saw or dovetail saw, then finish the shaping with your gouges. Where an outside strand will pass under another, carve it down to the centerline to meet with the corresponding strand on the inside.

6. Draw carving guidelines on the outer loops, running from the centerline at the tip to the back surface.

Next, drill the pilot hole for the eye. A ⅛" hole about ¼" deep centered at the apex of one of the outer loops will suffice.

Separate the strands

Now, it’s time to cut the strands apart at the crossovers. A rotary power-carving tool with a spherical diamond bit about ⅛" in diameter performs the task easily, as shown in Photo 7.

Start undercutting from the inside of the knot. Bore into the crossing area, following the slope of the strand. Because the lower strand bends as it passes under the other, don’t try to cut all the way through from the inside. Instead, limit your cutting depth to less than half the thickness of the crossing strand.

Then, cut in from the opposite direction (the outside of the knot). Here, you’ll cut almost straight into the side of the crossing strand, digging in until you meet up with the cut from the other side. To complete the separation, turn the pendant over and cut in from each side.

Cut the other strands apart, following the same procedure. (The strands will look notched after you cut them apart. You’ll be reducing them to about ¼" diameter later, though, so the notches won’t cause a problem.)

7. Undercut the strand crossings using a rotary power-carving tool with a small, spherical cutter. Don’t try to cut all the way through from one side.
Now, do some serious sanding
From this roughed-out stage, sand the pendant to its final form. The delicacy of the job calls for hand-sanding, using narrow strips of sandpaper. A narrow sanding tool such as the ¼"x6" Sanding Stick comes in handy in a number of spots, too.
Cloth-backed sandpaper works better than paper-backed for shaping the pendant. You’ll need a sheet or so each of 100- or 120-grit and 220-grit. (Sanding Stick belts work fine as strips, too.) For finishing, Lawrence uses 320-grit, 400-grit, and 600-grit wet-or-dry sandpaper. (If you can’t find the sanding materials locally, they’re available from The Sanding Catalog, 800/228-0000.)

Grip one of the pendant’s outer loops in a handscrew clamp, as shown in Photo 8. (A swivel-base vise would be a convenient holder, too.) Be careful in clamping the pendant not to crack the wood. Then, tear a strip about ½" wide from one edge of the 100- or 120-grit sanding sheet. Thread the strip through the opening nearest the clamp, as shown, and round the strand’s edges by drawing the strip back and forth.

When sanding this way, don’t go beyond the crossover point. Turn the pendant and reclamp it to sand the rest of the strand—you’ll be less likely to break the thin piece of wood. You may find spots that require narrower or wider sanding strips.

On the outside of the strand, you can use the Sanding Stick, as shown. Hold the pendant in your hand, and use a finger to support the back of the piece you’re sanding, as shown in Photo 9.
Strive to make the strands a constant diameter (about ⅛" is good). At the same time, work to create graceful curves where the strands cross. Frequently study the pendant’s form while you work, referring to the opening photograph. Shape the outer loops and points—a piece of sandpaper wrapped around your fingertip and the Sanding Stick will help accomplish the job.

Once you have shaped the pendant to your satisfaction, smooth the surface with the 220-grit sanding cloth. Then turn to the finer wet-or-dry sandpapers for final smoothing and finishing.

When using the wet-or-dry sandpapers, Lawrence wets them with Danish oil. He uses ¼ of a sheet for the wet sanding (cut the full sheet into quarters, then cut each quarter into four pieces), folding it and dipping it into the oil. Keep the sandpaper wet as you work. At the same time, you’ll be soaking the oil into the wood.

After sanding, wipe the surface with a clean rag. Allow the oil to cure, then carefully buff the pendant. Finally, add a #217½ screw eye and an appropriate chain (you can buy one at the costume-jewelry counter of a department store) to complete the necklace.

8. Clamp the pendant firmly when sanding with a strip. Work carefully, and stay close to the secured end.

9. Support the strand with your finger when shaping with the Sanding Stick.

Project Design: © Lawrence Oliver
Photographs: King An
Illustrations: Roxanne LeMoine
Corian looks like stone and works like hardwood. If you haven't tried it yet, here's a quick-and-easy napkin holder to give you a taste of the latest in craft materials.

1 From \( \frac{1}{2} \)"-thick Corian (see the Buying Guide for ordering information), rip four \( \frac{1}{4} \)"-wide strips 15" long. Resaw them to the profile shown in the Corian Blank drawing opposite page. To do so, tilt your tablesaw's blade 7° from vertical, away from the fence. Raise the tablesaw blade about 1" above the top of the material to prevent chipping. Position the fence \( \frac{1}{4} \)" from the blade. (A carbide-tipped blade with about six teeth per inch of diameter works best for Corian.) After cutting, sand the sawn face smooth.

2 Make two photocopies of the six full-sized patterns for the shell segments (A-F) in the WOOD PATTERNSTM in the middle of the magazine. Adhere the patterns to the bevel-cut faces of the Corian blanks. (Rubber cement or spray adhesive will work.) All 12 patterns will fit on the four blanks if you place one of each size on each blank. Align the short side of the pattern along the narrow edge of the blank. Some of the patterns will not extend to the opposite edge.

3 Using a bandsaw or scrollsaw, cut out the long side and bottom of each segment. (Cut just outside the line so you can sand down to it later, providing a true edge for gluing.) Next, tilt the saw table to 15°. Cut the top of each segment, keeping the workpiece on the high side of the saw table.
4 Sand the segment edges to the line. Refer to the Shell Assembly drawing, and test-fit the segments. Then, glue them together with cyanoacrylate (CA) adhesive. Glue the pieces faceup on a flat piece of particleboard or plywood covered with waxed paper. This will keep the backs of the segments flush.

5 On each shell, sand the bottom edge flush. Next, form a mounting tenon on the bottom of each. To make the tenon with your tablesaw, start by installing a zero-clearance insert in your saw. Set the rip fence 3/4" from the blade, and adjust the blade height to 3/4". Then, cut the tenon by sliding the back of the shell along the fence, with the shell's bottom edge standing on the saw table.

6 Finish the shells by sanding the front, back, and edges with 220-grit paper, followed by 400-grit paper. Then, buff the surfaces with a gray or white Scotch-Brite pad for a semi-gloss finish.

7 For the base (G), cut a piece of walnut 3/4 x 3 3/4 x 6". Rout two 3/4" grooves 5/8" deep where shown in the Exploded View drawing. (We did this with a table-mounted router and a 3/4" straight bit.)

8 Rout a 3/8" cove around the top edge of the base. Sand the base, then apply a clear finish. (Stuff paper into the routed grooves while you apply the finish.)

9 Complete the napkin holder by attaching the shells to the base. File or sand the ends of the tenons to fit into the routed grooves. Then, glue the shells in place with CA adhesive.

**Buying Guide**

Corian, 3/8 x 12 x 15" sheet, $3.30, choice of 10 colors (Sierra Dusk shown), from Leichtung Workshops, 4944 Commerce Parkway, Cleveland, OH 44128. Call 800/321-6840 to order.

Project Design: James R. Downing
Photography: John Hetherington
Illustrations: Kim Downing; Roxanne LeMoine
Before WOOD magazine premiered nearly 11 years ago, we made the decision to build every project slated for its pages in an on-site shop. That means that from Day One a project builder has been part of the magazine staff. And he's always had a shop to work in right next to the editorial offices. That's been swell.

Having a fully equipped shop has enabled our staff to carefully explore, then develop and write the step-by-step project-building articles without any guesswork. Doing it this way results in easy-to-follow directions for you, with fewer chances for mistakes.

Over the years, though, WOOD magazine has grown. First, our sister publication WEEKEND WOODWORKING PROJECTS® came along. Then, we increased the frequency of WOOD magazine from six issues to nine issues per year. Those changes resulted in more projects to build and another project builder to help build them.

So that our shop could accommodate two project builders at once, we began our long-needed redo. It began shortly after the completion of IDEA SHOP™ 2, the garage shop shown in the September 1994 issue of WOOD magazine. With the remodeling complete, we're throwing the doors wide open so that you can visit our new and improved shop on this and the following pages.

How the shop lays out

The WOOD magazine workshop occupies a 47x23½ space on the third floor of an office building in downtown Des Moines. Its location makes for quite a view of the river and the park beyond, but it also meant planning around the necessary freight elevator that cuts into the room (see the floor plan on opposite page).

Because of the possible number of concurrent activities—such as producing a shop-tested technique story on routing dados while projects are being built—going on at any one time, the shop required tool and layout considerations different from those of the average home woodworker. Yet, it's a long way from being a commercial production shop because we use tools typical of those that our readers have or can afford.

From IDEA SHOP™ 2, we learned the value of mobility. That's why we mobilized the power tools and work centers along the window wall (at top in the drawing right). The bandsaw,
tablesaws, and large drill press sit on mobile bases. The shop-built router table, sanding center, and small drill-press cabinet feature casters. Depending on the space requirements of the task at hand, each of these machines and work centers easily relocate.

We placed the tablesaw with the 52” extension table, the thickness

Continued
WORKSHOP

planer, the 8" jointer, and the belt/disc sander in the center of the shop (although each machine also has a mobile base). This central position provides plenty of room for ripping sheet goods and machining stock. A workbench at each end of the shop makes it possible for two project builders to work on different projects at the same time.

The radial-arm sawing center occupies the shop's short wall (between the elevator and the entrance doors). It's surrounded by cabinetry that houses pertinent accessories and hand tools as well as the shop's safety equipment (see photo opposite page).

At the opposite end wall from the clamp-storage rack (see photo on page 80), there's a space for lumber and sheet goods storage. That end of the shop also accommodates a planning area and turning center (as shown page 79).

The shop also features an industrial dust-collection system that serves the central machines, the tablesaw and router table along the wall, and the radial-arm saw. The bandsaw and the sanding center rely on shop vacuums in their cabinet bases. Two particulate filters at different locations catch fine, air-borne dust. Most finishing is done in a separate room.

Why we chose the machines you see
We based our tool choices for the remodeled shop on performance-test ratings and favorable features that stem from WOOD magazine tool-comparison articles. Here are the new woodworking machines that project builders Chuck Hedlund and Jan Svce selected, and why. (See the box page 80 for tool and equipment manufacturers and model numbers.)

After trying nearly all of the 12" portable planers on the market, the vote went to the Hitachi P12R. "Although it was one of the more expensive ones," says Chuck Hedlund, "it produced the least amount of snipe. The Hitachi also cuts at a much faster rpm than the others. Combine that with its slower feed rate, and a bed that's at least twice as long as the others, and you get smooth planing. Too, it came with carbide-tipped knives and we ordered an extra set."

To complement the shop's existing Delta Unisaw with its shop-built router table, Chuck and Jan chose a Powermatic 66 tablesaw. They fitted it with a Biesemeyer fence, known for its accuracy and rugged simplicity. Chuck likes the Powermatic because the blade tilts to the left, away from the fence. "It won't catch pieces of cutoff stock," he explains. The saw has an optional table to the right of the fence that allows the sawing of a 50" panel, as well as 37"-wide outfeed rollers, table support panel, and lower shelf board from HTC.

Our project builders also prefer Sears' latest Craftsman radial-arm saw. "Its user-friendly guard lifts out of the way only when you squeeze its lever," Jan notes.

To true the face side of a board—even a cupped one—before it's planed, the building team selected a Grizzly jointer with an 8"-wide bed. "This model has a longer bed for edge-jointing," Chuck comments.

In addition, our project builders chose the following:
- The Jet lathe was rated one of the better models under $700 in our tool tests.
- A Delta 14"-throat bandsaw won out in comparison testing. We fitted it with self-contained dust collection by installing a Sears Craftsman Model 17758 shop vacuum in the base.
- The Clayton oscillating spindle sander at the sanding station is a heavy-duty performer. The base cabinet on which it and the 1" belt/disc sander sit also received a shop vacuum.
- The Sears Craftsman 34" benchtop drill press was fitted with a DC
The central dust-collection system serves the planer, tablesaw, and stationary belt/disc sander. For the radial-arm saw on the shop’s east wall, we constructed a 12’-long cutoff table with base cabinet. Cabinets above hold accessories and safety equipment.

The sanding center features an oscillating spindle sander and a benchtop belt/disc sander. The storage cabinet below contains a portable shop vacuum to power the work station’s self-contained dust-collection system.

A fold-down tabletop and a cork bulletin board with a storage cabinet above serve as the shop’s planning center. Note that the adjacent lathe and the bandsaw—like most machines in the shop—have mobile bases.
motor and dial speed control. That's an expensive accessory, but it fills the bill in our shop for bit testing. The big Grizzly drill press parked down the line was selected because it offers slow speed settings combined with power for large boring jobs.

- To maximize available space, nearly all the stationary tools sit on HTC mobile bases.
- And, although actually safety implements, not tools, we added two Penn State Industries two-speed air-cleaning units that operate at 460 or 920 cfm. With one on either side of the shop, they keep the air circulating as it's filtered.

**WOOD® Magazine**

**Shop Machinery**

- **Tablesaws:**
  - Powermatic 66
  - 800/248-0144
  - 52" Biesemeyer commercial fence
  - Arizona: 800/835-9300
  - Other: 800/822-1631
  - Delta Unisaw w/Jet-lock rip fence
  - 800/438-2486

- **Stationary belt/disc sander:**
  - Delta model 31-730

- **Lathe:**
  - Jet JWL1236
  - 800/274-6848

- **Jointer:**
  - Grizzly model G1018
  - West of Mississippi: 800/541-5537
  - East of Mississippi: 800/523-4777

- **Thickness planer:**
  - Hitachi 12" model P12R
  - 800/362-7297

- **Bandsaw:**
  - Delta model 28-245

- **Oscillating spindle sander:**
  - Clayton model 140
  - 800/971-5050

- **1" belt/8" disc sander:**
  - Delta model 31-340

- **Drill presses:**
  - Sears Craftsman
  - 34" radial drill press;
  - See your local Sears store
  - Grizzly G1201

- **Scrollsaw:**
  - RBI model 220VS
  - 800/487-2623

- **Shop vacuums:**
  - Shop-Vac 12-gallon QSP;
  - 717/326-0502
  - Sears model 17758

- **Air-cleaning system:**
  - Penn State AC920 (2)
  - 800/377-7297

Photographs: King Au  Illustration: Jim Downing

A 12'-long bank of 8'-high cabinets provide storage for portable-power tools, saws, and other equipment in the top tier. The lower units have bins for hardware and fasteners. All shelving is adjustable.

The 8'-8" clamp rack on the north wall handily groups similar style clamps with the help of shop-built, maple hanging fixtures that were described in WOOD magazine's first IDEA SHOP™.
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WOOD MAGAZINE AUGUST 1995
INSTALLING SIDE-MOUNT DRAWER SLIDES

What woodworkers need to know

No matter how flawlessly you construct a piece of furniture, or how beautifully you finish it, if it has drawers, people often judge the workmanship by how smoothly those drawers open and close. To guarantee easy-gliding drawers with minimum fuss, you can’t beat side-mount, full-extension drawer slides.

Selecting slides

For convenience and load capacity, WOOD® magazine’s project builder, Chuck Hedlund, likes full-extension slides that mount on the sides of the drawer. “The usual three-quarter extension slides make it hard to get things into and out of the back of the drawer,” Chuck notes. “Full-extension ones just make a piece of furniture more functional.” Bottom-mount slides, such as the kitchen-drawer type, may open nearly as far as full-extension guides, but don’t operate as smoothly and usually aren’t built to handle heavy loads.

All slides carry load ratings, so pick a set with a carrying capacity that exceeds the weight of the drawer and its intended load. Be generous when estimating the load you’ll be putting on the slides. For desk drawers and others of similar size, Chuck picks slides rated to carry 75 pounds. Deeper drawers get 150-pound file-drawer slides to ensure adequate load capacity.

Install the slides carefully

“Drawer slides must be square to the cabinet and parallel to each other,” Chuck points out. If they aren’t square, the drawer may twist and bind. If slides for stacked drawers aren’t parallel, the drawers may collide with each other when they’re opened. And, of course, slides that slope toward the front cause drawers to open of their own accord, leading to rumors of haunted furniture.

To ensure smooth-sliding drawers, Chuck has developed a procedure for installing slides. Working with the basic drawer—without the drawer face attached—he follows these steps to make a potentially complicated job simple:

1. Attach the slides to the drawer sides. Center a complete slide assembly on each side, parallel to the bottom edge, shown in the illustration below. Fit the front of the slide right up to the drawer’s front edge. (Be sure to put handed slides on the correct sides.)

2. Measure from the bottom of the slide assembly to the bottom of the drawer where shown, then add 1/4” to the measurement. The resulting dimension, which we’ll call Dimension A, will be the distance between the bottom of the drawer opening and the bottom of the slide assembly (see the detail drawing below). The additional 1/4” provides fitting and operating clearance.

3. Separate the cabinet-mount part of the slide assembly from the drawer-mounted part. Mark which side of the drawer they mate to so you can install them on the correct side in the cabinet.

4. Install the slides inside the cabinet. A scrapwood locating fixture such as the one shown in the illus-

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Continued on page 95
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**WATER-BASED FINISHES FROM AMITY** are safe and offer a durable, beautiful finish every time. Our complete water-based line includes stains in 14 colors; glaze, topcoats, fillers, colored finishes, tints, timers, and more. Dip, wipe, brush, or spray. Ask about our new Aqua-oil to replace your solvent-based Danish oil finishes. Try our economical sample kits. Complete FREE catalog available. AMITY Water-Based Finishes, Inc. 1-800-733-1776.

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**WE ARE STOCKED ON EVERYTHING!** but we can only mention one Item here, so how about the Makita 9.5 volt black batteries for just $22 or 3 for $55.95. Call ABBEY TOOLS, 800-225-6231 and ask for GARY. Do it now.

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**CHRISTMAS/SUMMER SPECIAL** - "Till Labor Day 96! All Christmas lawn ornament plans are now 10% off the regular cost. Plans are full-size and color-coded. Color catalogs are $3. SPECIALTY FURNITURE DESIGN. 1-800-892-4026.

What woodworkers need to know

INSTALLING SIDE-MOUNT DRAWER SLIDES

Continued from page 93

Illustration below will help position them accurately. Cut the stock for the fixture (1/4" plywood or hardboard works fine) to fit inside the carcase. To determine the fixture’s height, measure from the bottom of the cabinet to the bottom of the drawer opening. (With stacked drawers, measure to the bottom of the top drawer opening.) Add Dimension A to that measurement, and use the sum for the fixture height.

(The illustration shows a three-drawer cabinet; you can apply the same principle to projects with any number of drawers.)

5 Rest the slide on the top edge of the fixture as shown in the illustration, and attach it to the inside of the carcase. You must consider the drawer face when you mount the hardware in the carcase. If the face overlaps the front of the carcase, mount the drawer slide so the drawer front closes flush with the carcase front. If the face fits inside the drawer opening, flush with the front of the carcase, set the front of the drawer back from the front of the opening by a distance equal to the thickness of the face.

6 Move the locating fixture to the other side of the drawer opening, and install the slide for the other side of the drawer. Keep the same edge of the fixture toward the front to ensure parallel slides.

7 Place the drawer on the slides, and check its operation. Attach the face to the drawer box.

8 For multiple-drawer installations, determine the fixture height for the next drawer down, using the procedure in Step 4. Cut the fixture to the new height, and install the slides as above.

Illustrations: Roxanne LeMoine
New Technology
Improves Sleep Quality

Chances are, you need better sleep. Thanks to advances in sleep surface technology, now you can get it!

America has become a nation of the chronically sleep-deprived. The Better Sleep Council reports that over the past 20 years, we Americans have added around 158 hours, or nearly an entire month each year, to our job schedules. That's not to mention the time we spend working hard to care for our families and homes. Sleep deprivation is caused by both lack of time spent sleeping and poor quality sleep. Sound familiar? Then you owe it to yourself to read on!

SLEEP DEPRIVATION CAN BE DANGEROUS

According to the AAA Foundation for Traffic Safety, falling asleep at the wheel is second only to alcohol consumption as a cause of automobile accidents, claiming as many as 6,500 lives every year. Disrupted sleep and sleep disorders cost American businesses billions of dollars annually in lost productivity, industrial accidents and higher medical bills. Lack of sleep also was implicated in the Exxon Valdez oil spill, the space shuttle Challenger disaster and the nuclear accident at Three Mile Island.

Loss of sleep during the night is responsible for increased vulnerability to illness, a tendency to nod off at work the next day, and even loss of creativity and clarity of thinking, say British researchers. Power tools can become dangerous weapons in the hands of someone who is not well rested. And almost everyone is familiar with the physical aches and pains that occur because of poor quality sleep.

DO YOU NEED MORE SLEEP, OR JUST BETTER SLEEP?

On the average, most adults require seven and a half to eight hours of sleep per night, and a full cycle including deep sleep is required for us to feel adequately rested in the morning. Any number of factors can interfere with deep, nourishing sleep— including cigarette smoking, worry, a noisy environment and physical discomfort.

Only air-cushioned support has been proven to positively affect all three factors that determine the quality of sleep: spinal alignment, pressure points and physiology.

We try remedies from pain medication and sleeping pills, to chiropractic care and stress-relaxation techniques in order to get better sleep and rid ourselves of morning aches and pains. But new sleep surface technology offers a simpler solution for many people who toss and turn.

THE FIRST REAL BREAKTHROUGH IN SLEEP SURFACE TECHNOLOGY IN OVER 100 YEARS

Even if you just bought a new bed, you may be sleeping on an antiquated surface! Developed a century ago, innerspring mattresses create pressure points that interfere with total relaxation. Waterbeds made a big splash in the '60s, but even those labeled "firm" produce a hammock effect, causing the spine to curve unnaturally. Fortunately, a new technology has come through test after test with flying colors: Select Comfort Air Sleep Systems.

The Select Comfort adjustable firmness mattress uses air, which, unlike metal coils or water, distributes weight more evenly and provides better support.

While it looks like a traditional mattress on the outside and even fits standard sheet sizes, the Select Comfort mattress is completely unique on the inside. Air is captured inside innovative "I-beam" chambers that contour to the body, support the spine, eliminate pressure points and evenly distribute weight for better sleep.

What's more, each side of the Select Comfort adjustable firmness mattress is independently adjustable—with a remote hand control that digitally tells you the firmness level that's perfect for you. And, you can let air in or out to change the mattress firmness, depending upon how your body feels each night. This is essential for couples, because two people of different shapes and sizes cannot sleep on the same surface and both be as comfortable as they should be to achieve the best possible sleep.

MADE-IN-MINNESOTA QUALITY

Select Comfort adjustable firmness mattresses are manufactured in Minneapolis, Minnesota, and tested for comfort and durability by independent laboratories. Well on its way to becoming a worldwide leader in state-of-the-art sleep systems, Select Comfort currently is the fastest growing company in America's bedding industry, and has earned 22 U.S. patents.

LIGHTWEIGHT AND EASY TO SET UP YOURSELF

The Select Comfort adjustable firmness mattress is so lightweight, it can be delivered via UPS in one carton. Following the simple instructions, one person can set up the system at home, usually in 30 minutes or less. An attached electronic air pump fills the mattress with the right amount of air, and then hides out of sight under the bed. Dual controls allow each sleeping partner to adjust the sleep surface to their desired firmness.

TRY SELECT COMFORT RISK FREE FOR 90 NIGHTS

Thousands of people from coast to coast already own a Select Comfort adjustable firmness mattress. You can try one, too, protected by a "90 Night No Risk" guarantee and a 20-year product warranty. Call our sleep consultants and ask them about your particular sleep needs. They can answer all your questions and help you better understand how you can benefit from a Select Comfort adjustable firmness mattress.

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Do you toss and turn at night? Can’t seem to find a comfortable position? Does your back ache when you awake? These are signs that your metal coil mattress or waterbed isn’t supporting you properly and isn’t right for your body. Select Comfort can help you sleep better with a revolutionary mattress that’s so comfortable and supportive, it’s recommended by doctors.

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A Select Comfort adjustable firmness mattress doesn’t rely on springs or water. Instead, it supports your body perfectly on a cushion of air. Air is better because it gently contours to your body’s shape and keeps your spine in its natural alignment. And that lowers the tension in the surrounding muscles. So you can sleep comfortably in any position and wake feeling great—without back pain.

Select Comfort contours to your body.

With Select Comfort, you each get exactly the firmness you need.

You Control The Firmness
With Select Comfort, you can change the firmness depending on how your body feels each night. Go from extra-firm to extra-soft, simply at the touch of a button. In fact, the firmness adjusts independently on each side of the bed so you and your partner can get custom support without compromising comfort or quality of sleep.

Call For More Information
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GREAT GOBLETS GALORE

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5/8" dia.

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1/4" dia.
FINISHING TOUCHES

THINKING ABOUT HEATING WITH WOOD?

According to the National Arbor Day Foundation, a woodlot of 3-10 acres could provide you with a lifetime of firewood. Of course, winter's length and temperatures, heater efficiency, insulation, and house size account for the acre variance. But exactly what tree species grow in that woodlot would mean much, too. Hickory, for instance, produces 31 million BTUs per cord. Most softwoods generate only 16 million BTUs a cord.

A WHOLE LOT OF CANADIAN-ASPEN CHOPSTICKS

Disposable chopsticks, or *waribashi* as they are called in Japan, come from the island nation from the forests of China, Indonesia, the Philippines, South Africa, and Canada. In British Columbia alone, about 88,000 cords of the finest-grade aspen—enough for 8 million pairs—are cut every year, according to the magazine *Mother Jones*. Such production has enabled the Canadian Chopstick Manufacturing Company (partially owned by Mitsubishi) to capture a third of the market.

Illustrations: Jim Stevenson
Photographs: Chuck Bowman

Carving goes radio-control

You never can tell what a carver will come up with next, especially when a carver also happens to be a magician and a modelmaker. Here’s what came our way from Chuck Bowman of Kentwood, Michigan. His “Battery-O-Saurus,” shown under construction below right and finished right, stands 4’ tall, required 220 pounds of basswood, and 800 hours of power carving and sanding. Chuck then spent 200 hours fitting his creation with radio-controlled, battery-operated electronic circuits that drive the moving eyes, head, wheels, cassette player, audio amplifier, and a pump to squirt water when he cries!

Chuck likes to refer to his woodcarving as “wood butchering,” and believes that a true wood butcher starts with a pile of wood, glue, clamps, and enough tools to make sawdust. “But,” he emphasizes, “no plans. They only stifle creativity. Use the brown paper bag that the glue came in to make a crude drawing, then tape it to the wall. If the final result doesn’t look anything like the drawing, make a new drawing!” Chuck, after handcrafting this piece of work, that’s easy for you to say!

Michigan woodcarver, modelmaker, and professional magician Chuck Bowman used 220 pounds of basswood and took 800 hours to carve his robot. Fitted with remote-control circuitry, Chuck’s completed “Battery-O-Saurus” rolls, moves it head and eyes, cries, and talks.

Environmentally correct plywood now on the market

Five years ago woodworkers and woodworking suppliers, forestry representatives, researchers, and others formed the Woodworkers Alliance for Rainforest Protection (WARP). Then came private certification programs that give the stamp of approval (a lengthy and expensive process) to timber producers who exhibit responsible, sustained-yield forestry practices. This list of “Good Wood” suppliers now numbers over two dozen and keeps growing. Continually added to the list also are product manufacturers, retail outlets such as home centers, and now even a producer of environmentally sound hardwood plywood.

Buchner Panel Manufacturing, of San Francisco, fabricates hardwood plywood using maple, cherry, and red oak veneers that come from certified sustainable sources. Even the substrates of these panels, marketed under the EcoPanel name, consist of environmentally friendly materials.

One such material is Gridcore, a non-toxic honeycomb material made from recycled paper. The other core option, Medite II, is medium-density fiberboard manufactured without formaldehyde. The panels are at this writing undergoing study for certification by California-based Scientific Certification Systems. Buchner currently sells its product—competitively priced with other custom architectural sheet goods—to millwork and fixture producers.

For more on EcoPanels, call Buchner at 800-4-VENEER, or EcoTimber International, 415/864-4900. For a Good Wood list, write WARP, One Cottage St., Easthampton, MA 01027.
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That's the Stanley philosophy. Don't quit working until your product is perfect. You'll find this kind of dogged determination across the board at Stanley. In everything we make. Like a garage door insulated to reduce noise. Or a closet organizer made with steel planks instead of wire so it doesn't wrinkle your clothes.

It's innovative thinking like this that's kept us ahead of the competition for more than 150 years. At Stanley we're not happy simply churning out products. We're only happy when our products are better than anyone else's.