### SOCIALIZED BUT NOT, SOCIALISTIC

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## FOREWORL

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The following discussion of our present social trend was first published in three installments in Finance and Industry (June 22, 27, July 5, 1931) under the title "Socialized Unawares". It at once excited a very general interest and comment. It was reviewed and recommended by Dr. H. Gordon Hayes, Professor of Economics in O. S. U., in one of his radio talks from station W. E. A. O.

In order to meet the demand for extra copies and give the discussion a wider circulation among our readers and patrons and their friends this revised reprint has been made.

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#### The Modern Order

NEW SOCIAL ORDER is upon us. Political revolution established our independence and social evolution has established our interdependence. We do not fully realize how far we have advanced toward collectivism. Slavery, serfdom, feudalism have gone. And now capitalism is not so comfortable under present conditions. It must modify its ways, if it is to stay. forerunners of collectivism have been so satisfactory, so ingratiating indeed, that their principal-or at least their principle-now enters without question. Only a decreasing few would prolong the stay of extreme individualism with its haphazard methods and its policy of every fellow for himself and the devil for the hindmost.

Our municipal life is already quite communized. The nozzle of the old town pump has been extended until it fills every aquatic need-public, industrial and domestic. The old street lamps have been developed into a system that illuminates every office, factory and home. Sewers, sanitation, parks, playgrounds, schools, libraries, streets and ways are absolutely communal. And such community enterprise has extended to state and federal highways, waterways, parks, libraries and departments too numerous

and electric transmission lines which bility insurance, minimum wage laws industrial insurance, compulsory der the control of state and federal nicipal affairs, have been brought unhave grown beyond the confines of muold age pensions and unemployment commissions. Postal savings banks legislatures) show our socializing trend insurance (now pending before many produce the new social system. Their velopments in science, and the efforts brotherhood of man and demonstrate over property rights, to stress size the importance of personal rights combined effect has tended to emphathe interdependence of industries, to The influence of religion, the demention. industry itself have all helped to Utilities like railroads

The trouble is that most of us are so engrossed in our private affairs that we do not understand the evolutionary

transform competition into cooperation, to convert an inordinate concern for private gain into a decent consideration for the commonwealth, in short, to substitute for the egoistic-

capitalistic mind, a social consciousness and conscience.—A brief survey of the social effects of the progress in these

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three fields of human endeavor ought to help us to understand this transi-

tional period and assist us in planning

eress. progress is processes at work in our economic and ers, and politicians oppose all socia sult of our ignorance, and our menta upon public sentiment. We are suftheir progress. a technical sense. We can, however and very complex. We cannot attempt are before us. The subject is very broad to help us to understand the issues that ments in science, and (3) the developcondition with reference to chaos." A consideration of our social nomic structure of the whole world and wise acting to readjust the eco-"We have got to do some tall thinking perspicacity and force of expression undated. As has been said by a man of Hood. And by damning the stream of proinnovations because they fear Socialism Many business men, industrial leadinertia stands in the way of relief fering economic ills which are the rean unbiased consideration of measures and principles, and open our hearts for relieve our minds of certain prejudice, a complete analysis and discussion in ments in business and industry, ought influence of religion, (2) the developwithout precipitating a come to a better understanding of terms relieve the pressure or be inthey increase the life, and our ignorance blocks But the time has come when we particularly dependent In a country like ours condition of danger of a (1) the

proposed for improvement of conditions.

# Religion and Business

elevated above a property level. Even Son. In this Light, life is continually is nothing new under the sun; yet the inually developed in the light of the tion on the level of personality." There ity. It is the expression of the cosmic gress follows importance of personality has conprocess of coordination and integra-Love as Christ taught and embodied privilege. This is the real meaning of Forum for February), "Human University of Chicago says (in Dean of the dominate and exploit them. the strong to protect the weak, not to distributive justice. It has constrained usury, and in favor of fair wages and been against extortionate prices ed on their essential interdependencetheir brotherhood. Its influence bid men to create a social order foundscheme of life to give men a sense of social responsibility, it has constantly tianity has done more than any other born with the Christian era. RELIGION is the very source and For love is more than sentimentalessence of this social influence spirit of human solidarity was Divinity School of the the democratizing Chris-The

divine revelation, one can hardly deny that it has proved to be a very practical religion. It has succeeded in leaching the great mass of humanity to answer brother Cain's question in the affirmative.

age are suppressed Catholicism." And mands made by all honest labor in our mentally it seems that the great dedemand for "an equal share to every-Commonweal of March 4, "Fundabody." F. J. Ebele says well, in The to consider as anathema G. B. Shaw's division," we can hardly be expected general distribution" and "equitable as common to all" and favors "more outward possessions as his own, but says that "Man should not consider his the Pope's Encyclical Letter on Labor ship of God instead of Mammon. When phasizes charity, service, and the worand genteel idling; and religion emdiscredit mere owning, profiteering the cause of avarice and greed and to property. enlightened socialism with reference of true religion and the attitude of little difference between the attitude champion of capitalism. But there is ment have-opposed the church as the ism, many leaders of the socialist moveinto opposition to revolutionary socialspect for civil authority, which led it Due to the church's 'teaching of re-Socialism would remove

Shaw has said, "Communism, being the selfishness "an economics of steward now hear the economists recommendattitude toward property that at last deed has so effectively socialized our any lack of chaplains." Religion in meaning the same thing, has never had ing that we substitute for our old idea of "Christian stewardship." -We there is a general acceptance of the lay form of Catholicism, and indeed

giving with its attendant pride in the superseded in popular esteem by the patron and humiliation in the pauper aims at the removal of the cause of vancement that this new social interest the crippled child. It is a sign of ad underprivileged and have championed Street, have learned to consider the SERVICE clubs. The men of Main TECTIVE fraternal orders have been Club. The old style LOYAL and PRO is found in the much-scoffed-at Rotary social effect of this religious influence pauperism. employment and self-respect bread line to maintain themselves. line; it tries to enable the men in the It does not aim to maintain the bread men must be kept, let them be kept in A revealing instance of the practica Its aim is not mere alms

in sociology. formerly in theology, in our day it is Whereas the interest of religion was

### Effect of Science

and our faith, they justify the memechanical age has destroyed our ease present concern. Social conditions in Liberta are our neighbors of the Eskimo and Hottentot and communication, facilitated by modnot alone of individuals and nations to answer the charge that our highly ern inventions, have swept over all scientific inheritance, we are all joint but of all humanity. And as to our Pasieur and common people." Science can't be inof nature. The scientist believes, as We are citizens of the world and boundaries, national, state and private heirs and tenants in common. Trave dividualistic. health and sunshine and hope and duce its evils, and bring gaiety and decent, to adjust its social forces, refreedom into the everyday lives of to make the world livable, clean and Wiggam says, "That now is the oring into method and the aim of science is co-THE effect of all scientific develop-When the scientists are called upon ment has numan cooperation all the forces It tries to discover The great scientists, like Edison, are benefactors been interests. to broaden Both eur? bur

their socializing effect. chanical developments by pointing out "TOWAID Cir"

ilization" is replete with such defenses. as Dr. Cadman said, at the celebrathe old competitive basis. They had tions could not possibly be operated on The radio, for instance, takes on the our faith that "struggling and to seek control by government. And, It eludes the thought of private ownfree property of its medium the air. one family." rupted humanity shall finally become the "oneness of man;" and justifies influence of the radio makes us feel broadcasting of religious service, tion of the anniversary of the first The great broadcasting sta-

ad coelum, according to the old legal upon one of the most sacred of Angloforced our courts to place limitations social influence of scientific invention. The development of aircraft has earliest times to extend to the heavens Saxon private rights, the ownership of strained to change by judicial fiat the maxim. But so great has become the air, that our courts have felt consocial interest in the free use of the der to bring into social subjugation boundaries of heaven and earth in ora flight over one's land is not a tresership. The courts have declared that man's egotistic claim to celestial ownpass, and that even a forced landing is Even the stolid old law yields to the Such ownership was held from

but one of numerous instances in which private right is forced to yield to social justice. Our courts are redefining justice in sociological terms (For further discussion on this point see "Socialization of The Law" by same author in Am Bar Journal, p. 119, Feb.

to social. Disease may be a very perern medicine has been very largely from private to public, from individual government the control of light, air and food. The public concern—instance, the public of disease, have come to be matters of disease, and sepecially the prevention sonal matter, but the treatment of and city. departments of health, national, state community nurses, and prevention by hospitals, free clinics, school nurses, The course of development in modla. quite socialized in its

## Economic Forces

WHILE these socializing influences have been at work in religion and science, strong economic forces have been at work to the same end in business and industry. The urge to curtail the waste of competition, to decrease overhead expense, and effect other economies that result from coordinated and concentrated operation, together

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control monopolistic power. A few years sults. And government is then required elimination of the middle man and the ownership is centralized, monopoly rethe tendency is to extend chain-store opago there was popular clamor for the to extend its influence in order forced merger upon merger. And as with man's desire to grow bigger, has est of the public, our national governnomic necessity of controlling produc dising of their products. And the ecofacturers with to control the merchaneration to all business; because manujobber's profit. Now the popular clamor Thus capitalism itself has evolved col-Interstate Commerce Commission, Fedmeans of Federal Trade Commission ment then extends its influence nanciers. In order to protect the interness therefore centralizes in a few fitrated capital. And the control of busicentration of industry requires concen trade associations and combines.) Con facturers of similar commodities into tion and regulating prices forces manuis for regulation of the chain stores. But private investor and made it dependbeyond eral Reserve System and otherwise old theory as to the deleterious effect ent for its very existence on governlective forms which have taken it far of governmental interference is worn ment guidance and regulation. the control of the individua

> governmental regulation, has come to stroyed by the Trusts; by the sort of by the Capitalists. They are being deor destroyed, not by the Socialists, but enty and liberty were being absorbed each for the benefit of all. It was stabilizing influence. Recognizing the speed that it feels the need of some be welcomed not mere balting for political effect prevailing." Business Government now everywhere "But meanwhile the old private propinduced G. K. Chesterton to this state of affairs I presume that welcomes an impartial control interdependence of all industries, it managers. Business is done with such So long as it is fair and sameby the great corporate Eay

ernment and salaries and wages are about correspondingly large labor unstore managers are rapidly supplantstandardization of work and wages ions, and the result of this was again shops on Main Street. They are renational life and to cause prices and velopments is to cause individual en-As rates and prices are fixed by govlarge combinations of capital brought ing the individual owners of competing wages to become standardized. Chain terprise to pass out of the picture of their salaries and hours are fixed. And lieved of the hazards of business, but The very general effect of these de-

standardized by collective enterprise, we of course tend to comply with the social demand for state control and equal distribution of national income.

suggests "an alliance between industry,

remedy for overproduction is increased general distribution of profits is not done to remedy the condition is the deof profits. That something must about only by more general distribution consumption, and that can be brought ing power of the laboring class. Hence increased production resulting from a mere socialistic dream—it is an ecowhether carriers of germs or carriers of such epidemics are enemies of society things under control. The causes of all and directors of business bring such demand that their doctors of medicine pression than to epidemic disease. They will no more submit to epidemic demand of all. we have men in want amid plenty. The and has greatly decreased the purchasconcentrated wealth into fewer hands the increased use of machinery has plain the depression by saying that the nomic necessity. Our economists exforced us to acknowledge that a more The present business depression has An enlightened people

In response to this general demand for relief, we now hear the sociologists and politicians uttering the common-places of socialist thinking. Stuart Chase, in Harper's for November, 1930,

by the government almost as rigid as to drive American business into control agement is somehow abated it is likely that "unless the greed of private man present system," is quoted as saying nent business man, "devoted to the established for coordinating and unithat in Russia." ing the forces of consumption, producfying our industrial effort and balancpetent governmental agency must be to the general effect that some coma member of the President's cabinet the American Engineering Council and to the question "Can Business Manage ship of the productive plant." control investment." trade associations and government to Itself?" (Harper's for March) quotes Eimer Davis, in his interesting answer boldly prescribes "the common owner-Virginia Quarterly Review for January and distribution. New York University, in the Professor Fair-And a promi-

Mr. Davis then adds, "No more of unrestrained individualism; the manufacturer will be told exactly what and how much the general welfare requires him to produce, he will be supplied with labor and material for that and no more." And then he says, "This is not Socialism, be it observed; it sets up no such tyrannous governmental machine as that of Russia."

ing industries, and directing their effor June) for the purpose of coordinatof a Peace Industries Board (to borrow where we frankly recognize the need forts to our economic and social needs the phrase of Stuart Chase in Harper's shevism, we do not have to adhere to teers. We have come to the point the practices of the industrial privament to fear that. But to avoid Bolpolitical, social and industrial developsion." We are too far advanced in our hevism is mere "slavery and oppresshevism. As Karl Kautsky says, Bollaws of economics. True, it is not Bolis the subjugation of business to the BUT IT IS SOCIALIZATION OF INQUISITY. IT

# Detached Approach

and fear and adjust our prejudice and fear and adjust our mental machinery to the new conditions, the sooner we shall begin to realize the sooner we shall begin to realize the full benefit of our progress. The sooner we shall be able to chart our future course intelligently. Complex problems are before us. There are many delicate adjustments to be made to our social organism. We should cultivate the scientific mind and proceed by experiment, observation and notation; blinking none of the facts. Rather than waste our efforts in futile

attempts to oppose the progress of social evolution, we should adjust our sails to the prevailing wind.

birthright for such a mess of pottage. oppression." race is not likely to exchange its pochanged for the despotism of the Solitical heritage for such "slavery and riet in Russia. But the Anglo-Saxon despotism of the Czar could be exreach our state of civilization. ment lies ahead of Russia before it can tive, not destructive; is too far adlitical, industrial and social develop-Bolshevism. A gigantic task of poparticular party. And our social evohas become too general to belong to a work in and through all parties. vanced to be revolutionary; and is at even a party program. is not a revolutionary movement, nor ution should not be confused The socializing influence of the day We will not trade our It is construc-U.T.T.W

Neither should we fear that a more liberal social adjustment will rob the human mind of all incentive to endeavor. The incentive value of the capitalistic arrangement has been overestimated. The greatest achievements of history have not been prompted by hope of financial gain. Even the great captains of industry, like Andrew Carnegie and Cecil Rhodes, who had the intelligence to win the battle for property, had also the intelligence to com-

standing characters. And the feeling market gambling. permanent good can result from stock-For instance, we have learned that no last ready to acknowledge that their the incentive value of avarice are at even the most ardent advocates man has, but in what man is." is now quite general that "The true theories must have some limitations perfection of man lies, not in lenge of life that is felt by such outficiently admirable to satisfy the chalquisitive quality of mind is not sufaccomplishments more worthy. The acner, and tried to rest their fame upon income which they were able to gar-They, like John Ruskin and William prehend the futility of the victory istrators of that part of the national Morris, considered themselves admin-EU.

And on the other hand, while the capitalists advance toward the socialization of our industries, our socialist leaders should be inclined to meet them half way (Norman Thomas himself gives some evidence of such an inclination). When the capitalists themselves are heard to say, "High wages, short hours, low prices are now seen to be the only things that can, in the interest of the solvency of capitalism keep our industrial order a going concern," the socialist leaders are apt to feel too jubilant. And there is danger

Our country does not want absolute government, ownership. dustrial enterprise for public welfare able distribution and control of inour foothold until we are sure of a new our progress and we should not give up footing. Our present purpose is equitmodified form sime and we still industrial development has been complished under the capitalistic rement which is the envy of Russia. rifice our wonderful industrial developthe golden egg. They should not saccare lest they kill the goose that hays far swing. The Socialists should take that we might lose our balance in a too-It has been a step in have use for it in OH

and economic structure. Some of them against those open forces and insidious whose purpose is to destroy our political midst under very attractive name are many associations at work in our foundations of our civilization. There influences that would destroy the very ment, we should be on constant guard government. While we march steadily our free institutions and representative forward in the line of social developprivate ownership and antagonistic to and Sovietism. They are opposed to movement is too close to Bolshevism SOCIAL EVOLUTION we do not mean SOCIALISM phasize that by SOCIALIZATION and It is probably not necessary to em-Socialism as a party

are direct agents of the Russian Soviet government. If they should prevail, our churches and our homes would be lost; the government would rear our children; and we should cease to be free individuals and become subjects of the state.

of economic laws, which are no re-

keep to the high road between the two vidualism and the ideals of socialism extremes complement each other. the ways in which the ideals of indi-In short, we should try to understand not enslave them to the mass mind their thraldom to property, we should our property, we should not communize should never lose sight of the fact that velopment releases our intellects from though the tendency is to communize ualism, and that some private property there is a proper sphere for individshould not expect pure socialism. socialize our industrial life, but we want, pure democracy. So we should life, but we do not have, and do not We have democratized our political necessary to maintain personalities. As our social de-We should Even

We should not approach the problems before us as class issues. We should try to divorce our minds from class prejudice and personal interest. An open-minded survey of recent history should convince us that our welfare is dependent upon our observance

and economic ills. Laws may be disof new evils. The need of adjustments is always present. as man advances, he becomes conscious ine tion. Evolution is a slow process. And picious of any cure-all recommendafrom any source. We should be susdeed we should not expect a panacea tition. They have been unable to stay economic crime of cut-throat compet utes have been unable to justify the conduct thereto. The anti-trust statunderlying principles and conform our be made. It is our duty to discover covered and declared, but they cannot such a survey should dispel our false specters of persons or classes. And hope that some legislative enactment progress of cooperation. And inbe a panacea for all our social

thoughts to bring us to a feeling that all effort is futile. We should be alert to the change of the times and ready to alter our conditions to the changed conditions of each new day. The following are some specific recommendations that are now worthy of our careful consideration.

## Recommendations

1. Anti-trust laws (Sherman and Clayton Acts) should be repealed, or at least greatly modified. Govern-

ment should encourage, not forbid, cooperation and coordination. The economies of unification are of more importance than the benefits of competition. There are better ways for the government to protect the people against monopolies than by compelling competition.

suggestion. Labor, seem ready to support such a Woll of the American Federation of bassador to Germany, and Matthew Civic Federation, and former ammen of such extremes of position as James W. Gerard of the National nomic Council (Forum, July), and A. Beard suggests a National Eco-Board (Harper's, June), and Charles Chase suggests a Peace Industries out this recommendation, Stuart ment in methods. In order to carry although there is room for improveand utilities have been subjected to such regulation for some time. And should not shock anyone. the results have been generally good. steady, and prevent over-producnumber 1. This the benefits of recommendation is the price that must be paid for tion, depression and extortion. This business on a sound basis, make it control which is necessary to keep ulated. Basic industries must be reg-They must submit to that recommendation

> chartty. unemployment insurance or private fair distribution than by the dole or riods of depression. to build excessive reserves for pebalance, there would be no occasion purchasing power are kept in be greatly reduced. If production and temptation to extort and hoard would of competition reduced, and prices assured over a long period, the business could be stabilized, the evils large part from 1 and 2 above. equilable distribution of wealth man be provided. This would follow in to provide for all classes It is much bet-

a science instead of a racket. Harold order that government may become a Military and a Naval Academy, in we need a Civil Academy as well as men for office. As Will Durant says, devise ways of selecting first-rate best youth for our public needs and temn politics. We must train our is necessary, men will not dare concises the influence on business which to the needs of our day and exer-When our government is adjusted made a more creditable profession third-rate men. Politics must long in the hands of second-and fairs have been too much and our public offices. Our public af-(4) We must have better men in 8

& Industry, Oct. 12 and 19, 1931). of Laws" by same author in Finance of international relationships." a pivotal part in the determination further discussion on this point see "Wanted a Government of Men, Not circumstances have forced it to play litical life, and that the more when that have been characteristic of poford the corruption and inefficiency remaking. stitutions, both central and local, need as at no period in its history. Its instands in need of political leadership er's, July). "Today the United States J. Laski thus states our need: (Harpin its affairs. It requires the trained It cannot af-(Por

evolution. By withholding our support the unsettled condition of world afnations against us and contribute to of the League, we antagonize other oppose this logical advance in social should wish to do our part we stand in our own light when we termine and maintain those conditions aright. us subject to world conditions, we play a lone hand. munication and transportation make trade and improved facilities of comof Nations. us the futility of our attempts to the present depression should teach (5) We should enter the League (The economic necessity of It cannot be otherwise, The World War and Since increased to de-

> unify states into a League. into a state, and now it shall be to ities has been to unity individuals society of nations." nations in a peace-loving, an orderly, a liberal-minded and a progressive nomic, political, social cooperation of ing but of the new intellectual, ecothis recommendation is forcefully prehold of "an era, not of nation-buildiorever, and we are on the threshthe age of nationalism has passed ticles in Forum during this year). As sented by R. L. Buell in several ar-Nicholas Murray Butler says, The task of pol-

## Spiritual Awakening

according to its rules, if the game is to all things. We acknowledge that business with impunity. We must play the game universe. too is subject to the moral order of the recognition of our interdependence in aim by antagonizing all the rest of the social consciousness and conscience. The world against it. apparent. Selfishness defeats its own and general way from our awakened foolishness of selfishness has become of the new era. But the greatest beneadjust our living conditions to the needs fits will, of course, follow in a broad ommendations which should serve to a esta We cannot violate that order few of the specific rec-We have come to a

out of that heart will come new issues statutes. It will remedy many wrongs alry which is more efficacious than It has put a heart into industry, and ness are not deceived. Our social adbecoming imbued with a kind of chivbut ideals nevertheless. Business is It gives them very practical idealsvancement affords them a truer vision his success? manence or value could there be to we expect to succeed, and what perceptive, what manner of man should to him who is most avaricious and de-If the rewards of the game should go the game, is but to delude ourselves be worth the candle. To try to beat But the leaders of busi-

ing to give all his waking hours to a of it will be ridiculous. Our surplus and the vulgar and repulsive display munity that the individual will share resources should be so husbanded and longer be a basis for class distinction in the general well-being without havcommunity will be so rich as a combe a matter of minor importance. The distributed that a man's income will we assign it its proper place, it will no people's great reverence for it. money the tyrant us. But we now see that what makes plained that it has tyrannized over pass away. We have known and com-The inordinate power of money will of people Wher

> awakening. And such an awakeningof this depression-toad standing—is the real jewel in the head and, as a consequence, a better under-A calamity usually brings a spiritual capitalistic system gives us these hopes fessed failure of the old hard-boiled socialism and individualism. The congolden mean between the extremes of cial ideals, and we shall be held to the tian ideals will of necessity be our sowill be at a premium. Practical Chrisman of brains. Personality, not pelt, no longer be more fortunate than a on the dollar drudge, and the peanutheaded scion of a wealthy family will man of culture will have a little edge niggardly struggle for dollars.

## Conclusion

The tendency of one extreme is to produce another. Every idea, every situation in the world leads irresistibly to its opposite, and then unites with it to form a new idea or a new order. Evolution is largely the development of oppositions and then their reconciliation. This principle of balance, this unifying movement is referred to in philosophy as "identity of opposites" or the tendency to the "golden mean." And so our present social movement is the backwash from the movement for freedom which brought our country into being.

Our new-found liberty in a land of unexploited resources developed an extreme individualism, an extreme capitalism. But now the pendulum swings the other way. And we are uneasy because we do not know how far it will go. There are two extremes of government in the world today-fascism and sovietism—and they both scoff at our democracy, our liberalism. question is frequently asked, Can we maintain our balance? Can we keep a middle course? Let us try! Let us hold fast what is good while we keep an open mind for what is better. Let us try to reconcile the opposites. us remember that truth stands on middle ground. VERITAS IN MEDIO STAT.